

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

27, BALLYGUNGE CIRCULAR ROAD



Class	s : 11	Subject : ACCOU	NTANCY	Term : FIR	RST TERM		Max Ma	rks : 60
Q1:	Accounting may be	e defined as	of financial info	ormation			Marks :	1
	1. Collecting							
	2. Recording							
	3 . Summsrising							
	4 . All of these				(This Answer	is Correct)		
Q 2 :	Which of the follow	ring is the objective of	accounting				Marks :	1
	1 . Systemetic recor	^r d						
	2 . Ascertain profits	& losses						
	3 . Ascertain the fina	ancial position			_			
	4 . All of these				(This Answer	is Correct)		
Q3:	The process of acc	counting helps busine	ss for				Marks :	1
	1 . Fraudulent activi	ties						
	2 . Black marketing							
	3 . Decision making				(This Answer	is Correct)		
	4 . Wastage of mon-	ey						
Q4:	As per Going Cond	cern Concept life of a	business is				Marks :	1
	1 . Limited							
	2. Very less							
	3 . Perpetual				(This Answer	is Correct)		
	4 . All of these							
Q 5 :	As per accrual con	cept revenues and ex	openses are reco	ognized			Marks :	1
	1. When cash recei	ived or paid						
	2. When they are e	arned or incurred			(This Answer	is Correct)		
	3. When cash recei	ived and expense inc	urred		_			
	4. When revenues	earned and expense i	incurred					

Q6:	Started business with cash means		Marks:	1
	1 . Cash will increase			
	2 . Capital will increase			
	3 . Both cash and capital will increase	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. None of these			
Q7:	accounting is mainly concerned with historical aspects	s of external reporting	Marks:	1
	1 . Cost Accounting	_		
	2 . Financial Accounting	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Management Accounting			
	4 . All of these			
Q8:	Cash paid for expenses for Rs. 5,0000. In accounting equation:		Marks :	1
	1 . Cash will increase by Rs.5,000			
	2 . Cash will decrease by Rs.5,000			
	3 . Capital will decrease by Rs.5,000			
	4 . Both cash & capital will decrease by Rs.5,000	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q9:	Full disclosure of financial statement means		Marks :	1
	1 . Adequate disclosure	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . Inadequate disclosure			
	3 Partly disclosure			
	4 . None of these			
0.40	Credit purchase of good means		Marks :	1
Q 10 :	Stock will reduce		warks .	'
	2 . Stock will increase			
	3 . Creditor will increase			
	4 . Both stock & creditor will increase	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4. Both stock & creditor will increase	(
Q 11 :	Goods costing Rs.15,000 sold for Rs. 18,000		Marks :	1
	1 . Cash will increase by Rs.18,000			
	2 . Stock will reduce by Rs.15,000			
	3 . Capital will increase by Rs.3,000			
	4. All of these	(This Answer is Correct)		

Q 12 :	Which of the following is the objectives of accounting standards		Marks:	1
	1 . Better understanding of accounting statement			
	2. Disclosure of significant accounting policies			
	3 . Providing generally accepted language for financial statements			
	4. All of these	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 13 :	Which of the discounts are not separately recorded in the books of	account?	Marks :	1
	1 . Cash Discount			
	2. Trade Discount	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Settlement Discount			
	4 . All of these			
Q 14 :	Which of the following is an example of negotiable instrument?		Marks :	1
	1. Debtor			
	2 . Creditor			
	3 . Cash			
	4. Bills Receivable	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 15 :	The element of cost are		Marks :	1
	1 . Material			
	2. Labour			
	3 . Overhead			
	4. All of these	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 16 :	Property or legal right owned by a business unit is known as			4
	. Topony of regaring the amount of a second of a mining the second of		Marks:	1
	1. Asset	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks:	ı
		(This Answer is Correct)	Marks:	I
	1. Asset	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks:	I
	1 . Asset 2 . Liability	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks:	ı
Q 17 :	1 . Asset 2 . Liability 3 . Capital		Marks :	1
Q 17 :	1 . Asset 2 . Liability 3 . Capital 4 . Expense			
Q 17 :	 Asset Liability Capital Expense Money spent for running the business on a day-to-day basis is known.			
Q 17 :	 1. Asset 2. Liability 3. Capital 4. Expense Money spent for running the business on a day-to-day basis is known. 1. Capital 			

Q 18 :	Additional capital invested in the business is an example of		Marks:	1
	1 . Revenue receipt			
	2 . Capital receipt	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3. Expense			
	4. Income			
Q 19 :	Which one of the following is appropriate for Hybrid Basias of Accor	unting	Marks :	1
	1 . Records income under cash basis			
	2 . Records expenses under accrual basis			
	3 . Conservative method of accounting			
	4 . All of these	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 20 :	Accounting is known as		Marks :	1
	1 . Economic Activity	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . Non economic activity			
	3 . Both economic & non economic activity			
	4. None of these			
Q 21 :	The term accounting related to		Marks :	1
	1. Events			
	2 . Tranasctions	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Both events and transactions			
	4. None of these			
Q 22 :	Which of the following is an internal user of accounting information?	?	Marks :	1
	1 . Partners	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . Governm,ent agencies			
	3 . Suppliers			
	4. Customers			
Q 23 :	Accounting Equation is based on recording of business		Marks :	1
	1. Events			
	2. Tranasctions	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Both events and transactions			
	4 . None of these			

Q 24 :	What is owes means?		Marks:	1
	1. Assets			
	2. Liabilities	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Both assets & liabilities			
	4. None of these			
Q 25 :	As per entity concept business and owner of business have		Marks:	1
	1 . Same entity			
	2 . Separate entity	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Either same or separate entity			
	4. All of these			
Q 26 :	Accounting Equation is		Marks :	1
	1 . Assets + Liabilities = Capital			
	2 . Assets + Capital = Liabilities			
	3 . Assets = Capital - Liabilities			
	4 . Assets = Liabilities + Capital	(This Answer is Correct)		
	Which of the following is considered under cash basis		Marks :	1
Q 27 :			Walks.	1
	1 . Prepaid Expenses			
	2 . Accrued Income			
	3 . Pre received income	(This American Comment)		
·	4 . None of these	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 28 :				
	In India accounting standards are issued by		Marks :	1
	In India accounting standards are issued by 1 . ICAI	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
		(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
	1. ICAI	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
	1. ICAI 2. ICSI	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 29 :	1. ICAI 2. ICSI 3. ICMA	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 29 :	1. ICAI 2. ICSI 3. ICMA 4. ICFAI	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 29 :	1. ICAI 2. ICSI 3. ICMA 4. ICFAI Accounting period concept arises from			
Q 29 :	1. ICAI 2. ICSI 3. ICMA 4. ICFAI Accounting period concept arises from 1. Going concern concept			
Q 29 :	1. ICAI 2. ICSI 3. ICMA 4. ICFAI Accounting period concept arises from 1. Going concern concept 2. Matching concept			

Q 30 :	Event which can be measured in terms of money is known as	Marks:	1
	1. Capital		
	2 . Asset		
	3 . Tranaction (This Answer is Cor	rect)	
	4 . Liability		
Q 31 :	Which accounting system records transactions twice in the books of account?	Marks :	1
	1 . Single entry system		
	2. Double entry system (This Answer is Cor	rect)	
	3 . Both single & double entry system		
	4 . None of these		
Q 32 :	The amount of money invested in the business by the proprietor is known as	Marks :	1
	1 . Drawings		
	2. Capital (This Answer is Cor	rect)	
	3 . Cash		
	4 . Asset		
	As not Dual Aspect Consent claim against assets are made by	Maulca	1
Q 33 :	As per Dual Aspect Concept claim against assets are mede by	Marks :	1
Q 33 :	1. Owner	Marks :	1
Q 33 :	1. Owner2. Creditor		1
Q 33 :	 Owner Creditor Both owner & creditor (This Answer is Core 		1
Q 33 :	1. Owner2. Creditor		1
Q 33 :	1. Owner 2. Creditor 3. Both owner & creditor 4. None of these	rect)	1
	1. Owner 2. Creditor 3. Both owner & creditor 4. None of these	rect)	
	 Owner Creditor Both owner & creditor None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as	rrect) Marks :	
	 Owner Creditor Both owner & creditor None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as Debtors 	rrect) Marks :	
	 Owner Creditor Both owner & creditor None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as Debtors Stock (This Answer is Core 	rrect) Marks :	
	 Owner Creditor Both owner & creditor None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as Debtors Stock (This Answer is Core (This Answer is Core Cash 	rrect) Marks :	
	 Owner Creditor Both owner & creditor None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as Debtors Stock Cash Liability 	rrect) Marks :	
Q 34 :	 Owner Creditor Both owner & creditor None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as Debtors Stock Cash Liability 	Marks :	1
Q 34 :	1. Owner 2. Creditor 3. Both owner & creditor 4. None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as 1. Debtors 2. Stock 3. Cash 4. Liability Cash withdrawn by the owner for personal use 1. Cash will increase 2. Cash will reduce	Marks: Marks:	1
Q 34 :	1. Owner 2. Creditor 3. Both owner & creditor 4. None of these Physical materials held by the business unit to support the flow of activities is known as 1. Debtors 2. Stock 3. Cash 4. Liability Cash withdrawn by the owner for personal use 1. Cash will increase	Marks: Marks:	1

Q 36 :	Nominal account may be defined as an account by which we can	Marks:	1	
	1. Expenses			
	2. Incomes			
	3 . Profits & Losses			
	4. All of these	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 37 :	What is the full form of IFRS?		Marks:	1
	1 . International Financial Reporting Standard	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . International Finance Reporting Standard			
	3 . International Full Reporting Standard			
	4 . None of these			
Q 38 :	Real account signifies		Marks :	1
	1 . Payment of liabilities			
	2 . Acquiring of assets	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Introduction of capital	_		
	4 . Payment of expenses			
Q 39 :	Reduction in the price of goods below the amount at which those 1. Assets 2. Liabilities 3. Discount 4. All of these	goods are generally sold to other	Marks :	1
Q 39 :	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these Historical cost concept is applicable when price level is		Marks :	1
	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these 			
	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these Historical cost concept is applicable when price level is Increasing 			
	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these Historical cost concept is applicable when price level is Increasing Decreasing 	(This Answer is Correct)		
	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these Historical cost concept is applicable when price level is Increasing Decreasing Stable 	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 40 :	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these Historical cost concept is applicable when price level is Increasing Decreasing Stable None of these 	(This Answer is Correct) (This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 40 :	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these Historical cost concept is applicable when price level is Increasing Decreasing Stable None of these Taking managerial decision is easier under	(This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1
Q 40 :	 Assets Liabilities Discount All of these Historical cost concept is applicable when price level is Increasing Decreasing Stable None of these Taking managerial decision is easier under Single entry system 	(This Answer is Correct) (This Answer is Correct)	Marks :	1

Q 42 :	Journal entry for cash introduced in business is		Marks :	1
	1 . Bank A/C debit, capital credit			
	2 . Cash A/C debit,capital credit	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Capital A/C debit, cash credit			
	4 . Capital A/C debit ,bank credit			
Q 43 :	Stock is an example of		Marks :	1
	1 . Current Asset	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . Current Liability			
	3 . Non-Current Asset			
	4 . Non-Current Liability			
Q 44 :	What comes in debit & what goes out credit. As paccount?	per golden rules of account it is belongs to which	Marks :	1
	1 . Nominal A/C			
	2. Real A/C	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Personal A/C			
	4 . All of these			
Q 45 :	All expenses are debit & all incomes are credit. A account?	As per golden rules of account it is belongs to which	Marks :	1
	1 . Nominal A/C	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . Real A/C	_		
	3 . Personal A/C			
	4. All of these			
Q 46 :	Hindustan Unilever Ltd. is an example of which a	account?	Marks :	1
	1 . Nominal A/C			
	2 . Real A/C			
	3 . Personal A/C	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . None of these	<u> </u>		
Q 47 :	Rent paid is an example of which account?		Marks :	1
	1 . Real A/C			
	2. Nominal A/C	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Personal A/C			

4 . Artificial person A/C

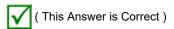
Q 48 :	Matching concept deals with matching of	Marks :	1
	1 . Expenses with assets		
	2 . Expenses with liabilities		
	3 . Expenses with revenues (This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . Capital with liabilities		
Q 49 :	Furniture is an example of	Marks :	1
	1 . Asset (This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . Liability		
	3 . Drawings		
	4. Capital		
Q 50 :	Board of Directors is an user of accounting imformation	Marks :	1
	1. External		
	2. Internal (This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Finance Group User		
	4 . Public Group User		
Q 51 :	Which of the following is not a limitation of accounting?	Marks :	1
	1 . Accounting information is historical in nature		
	2 . Accounting information does not show the impact of inflation		
	3 . accounting reflects those increases in net assets that are realized		
	4 . Accounting information must posses some qualitative characteristics (This Answer is Correct)		
Q 52 :	Which of the following is the qualitative characteristics of accounting information	Marks :	1
Ų J∠ .	Reliability		•
	2 . Relevance		
	3 . Understandability		
	4. All of these (This Answer is Correct)		
	The funding of the following the first the fir		
0.52	As per principle "recognize all losses and anticipate no gain"	Marks :	1
Q 53 :		mai No .	•
	1 . Accounting Period		

2. Full disclosure

	3. Entity 4. Prudence			
	4. Prudence	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 54 :	Debtors are known as an important component of		Marks :	1
	1 . Fixed Capital			
	2 . Working Capital	(This Answer is Correct)		
	3 . Both fixed & working capital	_		
	4 . None of these			
Q 55 :	As per revenue recognition concept, long term contracts rec	cognize revenue	Marks :	1
	1 . After completion of job			
	2 . Before commencement of job			
	3 . Before completion of job	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . All of these			
Q 56 :	Rent received for the current year Rs.20,000 & rent accrued under cash basis is	d for the current year Rs. 5,000. So, income	Marks :	1
	1 . Rs.25,000			
	2 . Rs.15,000			
	3 . Rs.20,000	(This Answer is Correct)		
	4 . Rs.5,000			
Q 57 :	Salaries paid for the current year Rs.30,000 & salary outsta expenses under accrual basis is	inding for the current year Rs.10,000. So,	Marks :	1
	1 . Rs.40,000	(This Answer is Correct)		
	2 . Rs 20,000	_		
	3 . Rs.30,000			
	4 . Rs.10,000			
Q 58 :	Fundamental accounting assumption of IFRS is		Marks :	1
	1 . Accrual assumption			
	2 . Going concern assumption			
	3 . Consistency assumption			
	4 . All of these	(This Answer is Correct)		
Q 59 :	As per IFRS assets and liabilities should be reflected at		Marks :	1

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- 1. Historical value
- 2. Net Realisable value
- 3 . Fair value
- 4. All of these



Q 60: Objectives of Indian Accounting Standards

Marks: 1

- 1. Standardize the diverse accounting policies
- 2 . Harmonize the diverse accounting policies
- 3. Both standardize & harmonize the diverse accounting policies
- (This Answer is Correct)

4. Excludes the diverse accounting policies