



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

27, BALLYGUNGE CIRCULAR ROAD



Class : 12

Subject : CHEMISTRY

Term : FIRST TERM

Max Marks : 60

Q 1 : Which of the following does not change with the change in temperature? i. Mole fraction. ii. Molality. **Marks : 1**

1. None of the above

2. Both i & ii

(This Answer is Correct)

3. i

4. only ii

Q 2 : When 100 g of sucrose (Molar mass = 342) is added to 100 g of water, the vapour pressure is lowered to 0.125 mm Hg at 25°C. What is the vapour pressure of pure water at 25°C **Marks : 1**

1. 2.38 mm Hg

2. 1.15 mm Hg

3. 0.11 mm Hg

4. 23.8 mm Hg

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 3 : Considering the formation, breaking and strength of hydrogen bond, predict which of the following mixtures will show a positive deviation from Raoult's law? **Marks : 1**

1. Methanol and acetone

(This Answer is Correct)

2. Chloroform and acetone

3. Nitric acid and water

4. Phenol and aniline

Q 4 : Which of the following are best to explain the action of negative catalyst in a chemical reaction? **Marks : 1**

1.

(This Answer is Correct)

It decreases the rate of the reaction because smaller fraction of the total molecules will react due to increase of energy activation

2. It decreases the rate constant because the adding catalyst recovered unchanged at the end of the reaction

3. It decreases the rate of reaction because rate constant for the reaction increases

4. None of These

Q 5 : For a reaction taking place in three steps, The overall rate constant, $K = K_1 \cdot K_2 / K_3$, If E_{a1} , E_{a2} and E_{a3} are 40, 50 and 60 KJmol^{-1} . Then the overall rate E_a becomes **Marks : 1**

(This Answer is Correct)

- 1 . 30
 - 2 . 40
 - 3 . 60
 - 4 . 50
-

Q 6 : . In a zero-order reaction for every 10° rise of temperature, the rate is doubled. If the temperature is increased from 10°C to 100°C , the rate of the reaction will become **Marks : 1**

- 1 . 256 times
- 2 . 512 times
- 3 . 64 times
- 4 . 128 times

 (This Answer is Correct)

Q 7 : For a certain reaction, it is found that the equation relating the specific rate constant, k (M/s), and absolute temperature, T , is: $\ln k = (-)4420/T + 12.20$. What is the value of the specific rate constant, k (M/s) at 500 K? **Marks : 1**

- 1 . 3.36
- 2 . 28.8
- 3 . 21.04
- 4 . 10.4

 (This Answer is Correct)

Q 8 : A certain amount of current liberates 0.504g of Hydrogen in 2 hours. How many gram of copper can be liberated by the same time in a copper sulphate solution? **Marks : 1**

- 1 . 12.7g
- 2 . 15.9g
- 3 . 31.8g
- 4 . 63.5g

 (This Answer is Correct)

Q 9 : The ionic conductance of Ba^{2+} and Cl^- are respectively 127 and 76 ohm^{-1} at infinite dilution. The equivalent conductance of BaCl_2 at infinite dilution will be **Marks : 1**

- 1 . 139
- 2 . 203
- 3 . 279
- 4 . None of these

 (This Answer is Correct)

Q 10 : The conductivity of electrolytic (ionic) solutions depends on **Marks : 1**

- 1 . the nature of the electrolyte added
- 2 . temperature
- 3 . size of the ions produced and their solvation

4 . all of these

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 11 : The Lowest electrical conductivity of the following aqueous solutions is of

Marks : 1

1 . 0.1 M acetic acid

(This Answer is Correct)

2 . 0.1 M chloroacetic acid

3 . 0.1 M fluoroacetic acid

4 . 0.1 M difluoroacetic acid

Q 12 : The standard e.m.f. of galvanic cell involving 3 moles of electrons in its redox reaction is 0.59 V. The equilibrium constant for the reaction of the cell is

Marks : 1

1 . 10

2 . 25

3 . 10

4 . 20

Q 13 : When phenol is heated with concentrated nitric acid the product is

Marks : 1

1 . Picric acid

(This Answer is Correct)

2 . o-nitrophenol

3 . 1, 3, 5 -trinitro benzene

4 . p-nitrophenol

Q 14 : Which of the following reagents can be used to oxidise primary alcohols to aldehydes?

Marks : 1

1 . CrO₃ in anhydrous medium

2 . KMnO₄ in acidic medium

3 . Pyridinium chlorochromate

(This Answer is Correct)

4 . Heat in the presence of Cu at 573K

Q 15 : XCH₂OCH₃ on treatment with CH₃MgBr (in Dry ether) followed by hydrolysis forms

Marks : 1

1 . CH₃OCH₃

2 . PhOPh

3 . PhOCH₃

4 . CH₃CH₂OCH₃

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 16 : Ethers are less soluble in water than alcohol, because

Marks : 1

1 . Hydrogen bond formation

(This Answer is Correct)

2 . Dipolar interaction

3. Resonance
4. Hyperconjugation

Q 17 : Wolff Kishner reduction of a ketone is carried out in the presence of which of the following? **Marks : 1**

1. H₂ and Pt as catalyst
2. Glycol with KOH
3. Zn-Hg with HCl
4. LiAlH₄

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 18 : An organic compound X is oxidized by using acidified K₂Cr₂O₇. The product obtained reacts with phenyl hydrazine but does not answer silver mirror test. The possible structure of X is **Marks : 1**

1. (CH₃)₂CHOH
2. CH₃CHO
3. CH₃CH₂OH
4. Acetone

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 19 : Aldehyde and ketone can be distinguished by- **Marks : 1**

1. Tollens reagent
2. Sodium bisulphite addition
3. Brady's reagent
4. All of these

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 20 : Cyclopropanone forms stable geminal-di-ol, due to **Marks : 1**

1. Inter molecular H-bond formation
2. Due to release in angle strain
3. Inductive effect
4. Hyperconjugation

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 21 : The strongest acid among the following is **Marks : 1**

1. Dichloroacetic acid
2. Dimethyl acetic acid
3. Trifluoro acetic acid
4. Triiodo acetic acid

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 22 : When acetic acid is treated with P₂O₅, the product is **Marks : 1**

1. Ester

2. Ether
3. Alcohol
4. Acid anhydride

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 23 : The irritation caused by red ants bite is due to

Marks : 1

1. Lactic acid
2. Formic acid
3. Uric acid
4. Acetic acid

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 24 : In the formation of Zwitterions proton goes from

Marks : 1

1. Carboxyl to an amino group
2. Amino to a carboxyl group
3. Amino group only
4. Carboxyl group only

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 25 : The term internal salt refers to

Marks : 1

1. Acidic character of amino acids
2. The basic character of amino acids
3. The dipolar character of amino acids
4. Non polar structure of amino acids

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 26 : In the presence of KF, AlF_3 is soluble in HF. Find the complex formed

Marks : 1

1. $\text{K}_3[\text{AlF}_6]$
2. AlH_3
3. $\text{K}[\text{AlF}_3\text{H}]$
4. $\text{K}_3[\text{AlF}_3\text{H}_3]$

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 27 : Which one of the following will exhibit highest osmotic pressure at 25°C ?

Marks : 1

1. KCl
2. Glucose
3. Urea
4. Calcium chloride

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 28 : The wrong relation between osmotic pressure (P), volume (V) and temperature (T) is

Marks : 1

1. $P \propto n$ if T and V are constant

2 . PV is constant if T is constant

(This Answer is Correct)

3 . $P \propto V$ if T is constant

4 . $P \propto T$ if V is constant

Q 29 : Positive deviation from Raoult's law is observed when

Marks : 1

1 . Inter molecular forces of attraction between the two liquids is greater than that between individual liquids

2 . Inter molecular forces of attraction between the two liquids is smaller than that between individual liquids

3 . Force of attraction between two liquids is greater than that between individual liquids

4 . Force of attraction between two liquids is smaller than that between individual liquids

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 30 : If ethylene glycol is added to water in radiator cars during winter then it would lead to

Marks : 1

1 . Reducing specific heat

2 . reducing viscosity

3 . lowering in freezing point

4 . Lowering in boiling point

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 31 : Rate law for the reaction $A + 2B \rightarrow C$ is found to be $\text{Rate} = k [A] [B]$. Concentration of reactant 'B' is doubled, keeping the concentration of 'A' constant, the value of rate constant will be

Marks : 1

1 . The same

2 . Doubled

3 . Quadrupled

4 . HALVED

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 32 : Rate law can be determined from balanced chemical equation if

Marks : 1

1 . Reverse reaction is involved.

2 . It is an elementary reaction

3 . It is a sequence of elementary reactions

4 . Any of the reactants is in excess

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 33 : Radioactivity of a sample ($z = 22$) decreases 90% after 10 years. What will be the half-life of the sample?

Marks : 1

1 . 3 years

2 . 10 years

3 . 2 years

4 . 5 years

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 34 : Molecularity of a chemical reaction may be **Marks :** 1

1. Zero
2. Fraction
- 3. Integer** (This Answer is Correct)
4. all of these

Q 35 : In order to measure current in a resistance present in a circuit the ammeter is connected **Marks :** 1

- 1. In series** (This Answer is Correct)
2. in parallel
3. in series or parallel
4. nothing can be decided

Q 36 : The feasibility of a cell reaction depends on **Marks :** 1

1. $E_{\text{cell}} = 0$
- 2. $E_{\text{cell}} > 0$** (This Answer is Correct)
3. $E_{\text{cell}} < 0$
4. Can't be predicted

Q 37 : Electrode potential of a cell is **Marks :** 1

- 1. An intensive property** (This Answer is Correct)
2. An Extensive property
3. Both a and b
4. can't be predicted

Q 38 : For the reduction of silver ions with copper metal the standard cell potential was found to be +0.46V at 25°C. The value of standard Gibbs energy, ΔG° will be ($F = 96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$) **Marks :** 1

1. -44.5 kJ
2. -98.0 kJ
- 3. -89.0 kJ** (This Answer is Correct)
4. -87.0 kJ

Q 39 : The unit of conductance cannot be expressed in **Marks :** 1

1. mho
2. (ohm)⁻¹
3. Siemens

(This Answer is Correct)

4 . ohm/m

Q 40 : Which of the following statement is incorrect about Hunsdiecker's reaction? **Marks : 1**

- 1 . Only Cl_2 can give alkyl halide (This Answer is Correct)
- 2 . I_2 will give ester when treated with RCOOAg
- 3 . The reaction proceeds through free radical
- 4 . F_2 cannot give alkyl halide

Q 41 : The reactivity order of different halides follows the following trend on reaction with anhydrous ZnCl_2 and conc. HCl **Marks : 1**

- 1 . $3\text{o} > 2\text{o} > 1\text{o}$ (This Answer is Correct)
- 2 . $1\text{o} > 3\text{o} > 2\text{o}$
- 3 . $1\text{o} > 2\text{o} > 3\text{o}$
- 4 . $3\text{o} > 1\text{o} > 2\text{o}$

Q 42 : Which of the following is called Westron? **Marks : 1**

- 1 . CH_3Cl
- 2 . CHCl_3
- 3 . $\text{CHCl}_2\text{CHCl}_2$
- 4 . $\text{CCl}_2=\text{CHCl}$ (This Answer is Correct)

Q 43 : "X" on treatment with sodium hydroxide followed by the addition of silver nitrate gives white precipitate at room temperature which is soluble in NH_4OH . X can be **Marks : 1**

- 1 . Chlorobenzene
- 2 . Ethyl bromide
- 3 . Benzyl chloride
- 4 . Vinyl Chloride (This Answer is Correct)

Q 44 : $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_6$ can also be recognized as **Marks : 1**

- 1 . 666 (This Answer is Correct)
- 2 . 6666
- 3 . 3636
- 4 . 66

Q 45 : Reimer-Tiemann reaction results in the formation of **Marks : 1**

- 1 . HCHO

2. Benzoic acid
3. Salicylic acid
4. Salicyldehyde

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 46 : Ethyl iodide on treatment with metallic sodium in presence of dry ether forms

Marks : 1

1. Butane
2. Ethane
3. Hexane
4. Propane

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 47 : How many alcohols with molecular formula $C_4H_{10}O$ are chiral in nature?

Marks : 1

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 48 : Which of the following cannot be used to convert $RCOOR$ into RCH_2OH ?

Marks : 1

1. H_2/Pd
2. $LiAlH_4$
3. $NaBH_4$
4. Reaction with $RMgX$ followed by hydrolysis

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 49 : Which of the following can work as a dehydrating agent for alcohol?

Marks : 1

1. H_2SO_4
2. Anhydrous Al_2O_3
3. P_2O_5
4. All of these

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 50 : The formation of cyanohydrin from a ketone is an example of

Marks : 1

1. Electrophilic addition
2. Nucleophilic addition
3. Nucleophilic substitution
4. Electrophilic

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 51 : Compound 'A' undergoes formation of cyanohydrins which on hydrolysis gives lactic acid ($CH_3CHOHCOOH$). Therefore, compound 'A' is

Marks : 1

1. Formaldehyde
2. Acetaldehyde
3. Acetone
4. Benzaldehyde

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 52 : A $C_5H_{12}O$ compound is optically active, and is oxidized by PCC in CH_2Cl_2 to an optically active $C_5H_{10}O$ product, which is racemised in acid or base. Which of the following best fits these facts-

Marks : 1

1. 2-pentanol
2. 2-methoxy butane
3. 2-methyl-1-butanol
4. 3-methyl-1-butanol

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 53 : Ethanal is prepared industrially by air oxidation of ethylene using palladium chloride as a catalyst and _____ as a promoter

Marks : 1

1. $PdCl_2$
2. Cu_2Cl_2
3. $CuCl_2$
4. $PbCl_2$

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 54 : Which of the following reagents cannot be used to test carboxylic group?

Marks : 1

1. $NaHCO_3$
2. $FeCl_3$
3. Alcohol in presence of concentrated H_2SO_4
4. Ceric ammonium nitrate

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 55 : Rochelle's salt is

Marks : 1

1. Sodium potassium tartrate
2. Sodium tartrate
3. Potassium tartrate
4. Calcium tartrate

(This Answer is Correct)

Q 56 : Which is the correct order of decreasing acidity of lewis acids?

Marks : 1

1. $BBr_3 > BCl_3 > BF_3$
2. $BF_3 > BCl_3 > BBr_3$
3. $BCl_3 > BF_3 > BBr_3$
4. $BBr_3 > BF_3 > BCl_3$

(This Answer is Correct)

- Q 57 :** What is the vapour pressure of pure liquid A at 27°C if it forms an ideal solution with another liquid B, the vapour pressure and mole fraction of pure liquid B at 27°C is 140 torr and 0.2 respectively? The total vapour pressure of the solution is 84 torr at 27°C. **Marks : 1**
- 1 . 56 torr
 - 2 . 40 torr
 - 3 . 70 torr** (This Answer is Correct)
 - 4 . 17 torr
-

- Q 58 :** $14\text{CH}_3\text{MgBr}$ on treatment with 14CO_2 generates **Marks : 1**
- 1 . CH_3COOH
 - 2 . $\text{CH}_3^{14}\text{COOH}$
 - 3 . $14\text{CH}_3^{14}\text{COOH}$** (This Answer is Correct)
 - 4 . $14\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$
-

- Q 59 :** Which of the following will not give HVZ reaction? **Marks : 1**
- 1 . 2,2-dimethyl propanoic acid** (This Answer is Correct)
 - 2 . Propanoic acid
 - 3 . Acetic acid
 - 4 . 2-methyl propanoic acid
-

- Q 60 :** Which of the species has a permanent dipole moment? **Marks : 1**
- 1 . SF_4** (This Answer is Correct)
 - 2 . SiF_4
 - 3 . BF_3
 - 4 . XeF_4
-