



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

First Term Examination - 2018

Class : 5



SUB : Geography

F.M.: 90

DURATION: 2 Hrs 30 Mins

DATE: 25.04.2018

Read the questions carefully and answer as directed:

GROUP - A

1. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False'. (5)

- A map is a miniature model of the earth.
- The deepest point of Indian Ocean is 8605 metres.
- The shallow Tethys Sea lied in between the Angara and Gondwanaland.
- Crops are included in the category of 'natural vegetation'.
- Latitude and longitude lines are real lines.

2. Fill in the blanks with correct words. (5)

- New Delhi is located on ----- longitude.
- was the only super ocean which existed millions of years ago.
- The network of latitude and longitude lines is called a -----.
- in India is the wettest place on the Earth.
- The Police Stations are shown on a map by the symbol -----.

3. Choose the correct answer and complete the sentences. (5)

- Oceans have (96/97/98) % of the total water of the Earth's surface.
- A city is marked on a map by (●/■/○) symbol.
- The (82°/83°/84°) 30'E longitude passes through the middle of India.
- (Forests/Bushes/Orchards) are not natural vegetation.
- The Suez Canal separates Asia from (/Africa/Europe/Antarctica).


4. Identify the odd word from the following group of words. (2)

- Africa, Indonesia, Greenland, New Guinea.
- Antarctic Circle, Prime Meridian, Tropic of Cancer, Equator

5. Match the words of column 'A' with that of column 'B'. (5)

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>
North America	Mediterranean Sea
Australia	Andes
Europe	Sahara
Africa	Mount Everest
South America	Mississippi
	Great Barrier Reef

6. Answer in 1 word only. (3)

- Give another name for the Antarctic Ocean.
- Name the science of making maps.
- What does this symbol  stand for?

Read the questions carefully and answer. Please do not write the questions.

GROUP - B

7. Give very short answers. 5x2=10

- What is a layout map?
- Define a verbal scale.
- What is climate?
- Define Pangaea.
- What is an atlas?

8. Answer any 5 questions. 3x5=15

- Describe the continent which is centered around the South Pole..
- Define a graphic scale and draw it.
- What are the full forms of – GMT and IST?
- Draw the internationally recognized symbols for showing – (i) Church
(ii) Temple (iii) Mosque
- What is a map scale and how does it help us?
- Name the 4 major directions and show them in a diagram.
- Depict the relationship between the latitude of a place and its climate.

GROUP – C

9. Diagram - With the help of a neatly labelled diagram show the important lines of Latitude mentioning their names and value of degrees. (5)

10. Answer the following questions in detail. (Any 6) 6x5=30

- a) Name the largest continent of the world and describe it.
- b) Depict the location of the 'Temperate Zone', mentioning the countries and write about the climatic and seasonal characteristics of the zone.
- c) State the differences between the lines of latitude and longitude.
- d) What do colours on maps indicate? State what is denoted by the colours – blue, green, yellow, brown and violet.
- e) Describe in detail the S-Shaped Ocean.
- f) Define the parallels of latitude and write about their length, measurement and numbering.
- g) How do latitude and altitude affect the climate of a place?
- h) Name the 'Island Continent' and describe it.

11. Map pointing – Show the following neatly with proper names on an outline map of the WORLD. (5)

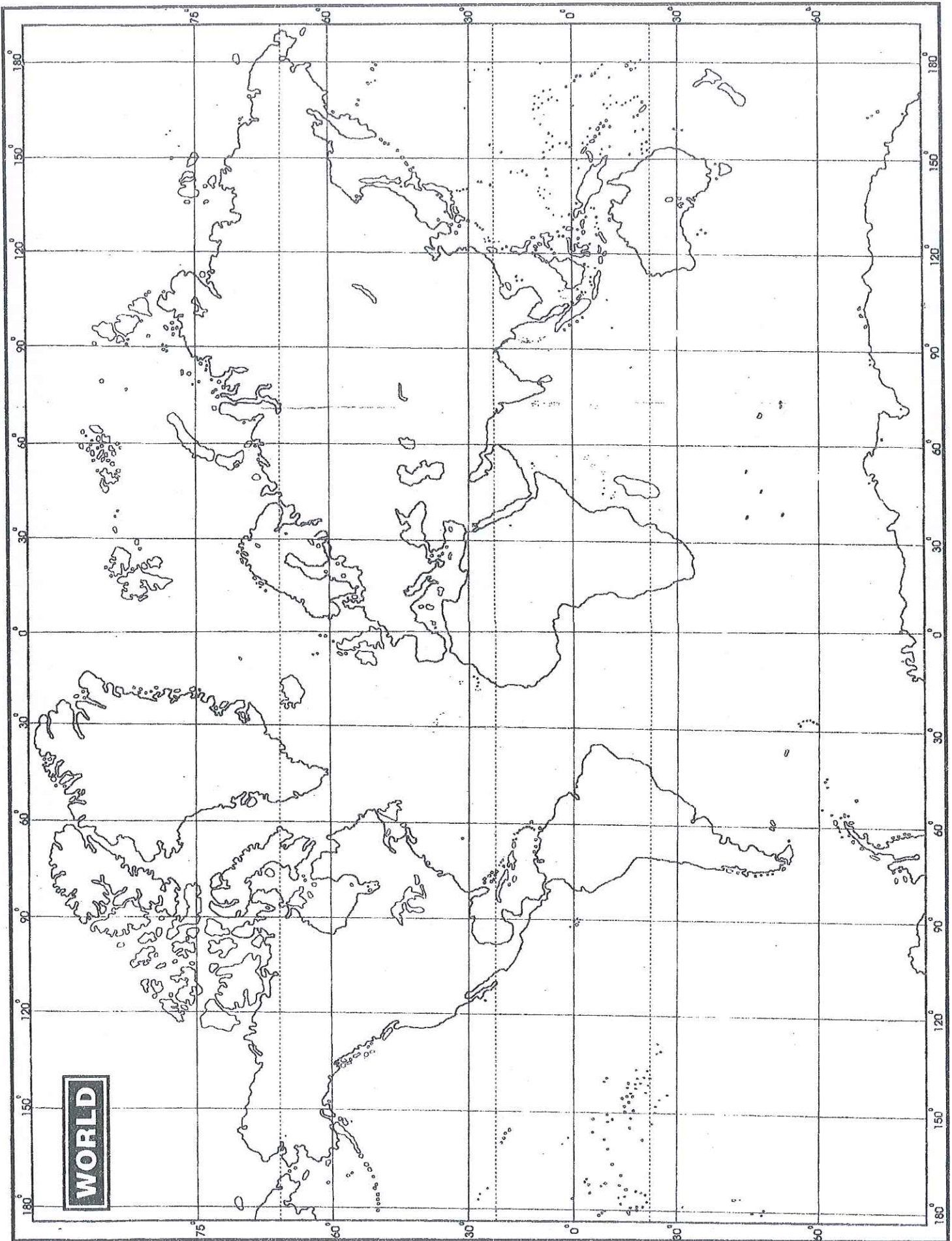
- a) Africa
- b) Tropic of Capricorn
- c) Pacific Ocean
- d) Arctic Circle
- e) North America

NAME _____

CLASS _____

SECTION _____

ROLL NO. _____



Shalabati
26/4/2018



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

First Terminal Examination - 2018

Sub: GEOGRAPHY

Class: V

Full Marks: 90

Duration: 3 HOURS

Model Answer

Date: 25.04.2018

Read the questions carefully and answer as directed:

GROUP - A

1. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False'. (5)

- a) A map is a miniature model of the earth. **False**
- b) The deepest point of Indian Ocean is 8605 metres. **False**
- c) The shallow Tethys Sea lied in between the Angara and Gondwanaland.
True
- d) Crops are included in the category of 'natural vegetation'. **False**
- e) Latitude and longitude lines are real lines. **False**

2. Fill in the blanks with correct words. (5)

- a) New Delhi is located on 77°E longitude.
- b) Panthalassa was the only super ocean which existed millions of years ago.
- c) The network of latitude and longitude lines is called a grid.
- d) Mawsynram in India is the wettest place on the Earth.
- e) The Police Stations are shown on a map by the symbol PS.

3. Choose the correct answer and complete the sentences. (5)

- a) Oceans have (96/97/98) % of the total water of the Earth's surface.
- b) A city is marked on a map by (●/■/○) symbol.
- c) The (82°/83°/84°) 30'E longitude passes through the middle of India.
- d) (Forests/Bushes/Orchards) are not natural vegetation.
- e) The Suez Canal separates Asia from (/Africa/Europe/Antarctica).


4. Identify the odd word from the following group of words. (2)

- a) Africa, Indonesia, Greenland, New Guinea.
b) Antarctic Circle, Prime Meridian, Tropic of Cancer, Equator

5. Match the words of column 'A' with that of column 'B'. (5)

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>
North America	<u>Mississippi</u>
Australia	<u>Great Barrier Reef</u>
Europe	<u>Mediterranean Sea</u>
Africa	<u>Sahara</u>
South America	<u>Andes</u>

6. Answer in 1 word only. (3)

- a) Give another name for the Antarctic Ocean. Southern Ocean
b) Name the science of making maps. Cartography
c) What does this symbol  stand for? State boundary

GROUP - B

7. Give very short answers.

5x2=10

- a) What is a layout map?

Ans. A **layout map** is a schematic arrangement of the parts or areas of a building.

- b) Define a verbal scale.

Ans. A **verbal scale** is a statement which is used as the map scale.

e.g. 1 cm represents 100 km.

- c) What is climate?

Ans. **Climate** is the weather condition of a place remaining same for 35-40 years.

- d) Define Pangaea.

Ans. Millions of years ago, all the continents were joined together in the form of a

'Super continent' called '**Pangaea**'.

- f) What is an atlas?

Ans. An **atlas** is a collection of different types of maps in the form of a book.

8. Answer any 5 questions.

3x5=15

- a) Describe the continent which is centered around the South Pole.

Ans. **Chapter: 3, page: 29** – paragraph under **Antarctica**.

- b) Define a graphic scale and draw it.

Ans. **Chapter: 1, page: 13** – definition and the diagram under **Graphic / Bar Scale**.

- c) What are the full forms of – **GMT** and **IST**?

Ans. **GMT: Greenwich Mean Time & IST: Indian Standard Time**.

- d) Draw the internationally recognized symbols for showing – (i) Church

(ii) Temple (iii) Mosque

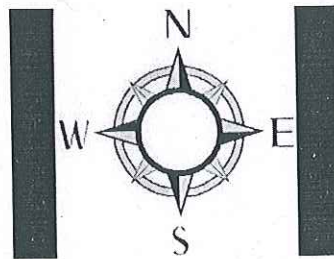
Ans. **Chapter: 1, page: 14** – **3 symbols** as specified in the box.

- e) What is a map scale and how does it help us?

Ans. A **map scale** is the ratio between distance on the map and the corresponding distance on the ground. It helps us to understand how far the destination actually is.

- g) Name the **4 major directions** and show them in a diagram.

Ans. **North-South-East-West**



- h) Depict the relationship between the latitude of a place and its climate.

Ans. **Chapter: 2, page: 20** – last paragraph under **Parallels of Latitude**.

GROUP – C

9. Diagram - With the help of a neatly labelled diagram show the important lines of

Latitude mentioning their names and value of degrees.

(5)

Ans. **Chapter: 2, Page: 20** – **Important Lines of Latitude [diagram]**

10. Answer the following questions in detail. (Any 6)

6x5=30

- a) Name the largest continent of the world and describe it.

Ans. **Chapter: 3, Page: 27** – The whole paragraph under **Asia**.

- b) Depict the location of the 'Temperate Zone', mentioning the countries and write about the climatic and seasonal characteristics of the zone.

Ans. **Chapter: 5, page: 43** – the whole paragraph under **Temperate Zone**.

- c) State the differences between the lines of latitude and longitude.

Ans. **Chapter: 2, page: 22** – box depicting the **Difference between the lines of Latitude & Longitude**.

- d) What do colours on maps indicate? State what is denoted by the colours – blue, green, yellow, brown and violet.

Ans. **Chapter: 1, page: 13** – the whole paragraph under **Colours in a Map**,

- e) Describe in detail the S-Shaped Ocean.

Ans. **Chapter: 3, page: 30 & 31** – the whole paragraph under **Atlantic Ocean**.

- f) Define the parallels of latitude and write about their length, measurement and numbering.

Ans. The horizontal lines running parallel to the Equator are called the **parallels of latitude**.

Chapter: 2, page: 20 – the third paragraph under **Parallels of Latitude**.

- g) How do latitude and altitude affect the climate of a place?

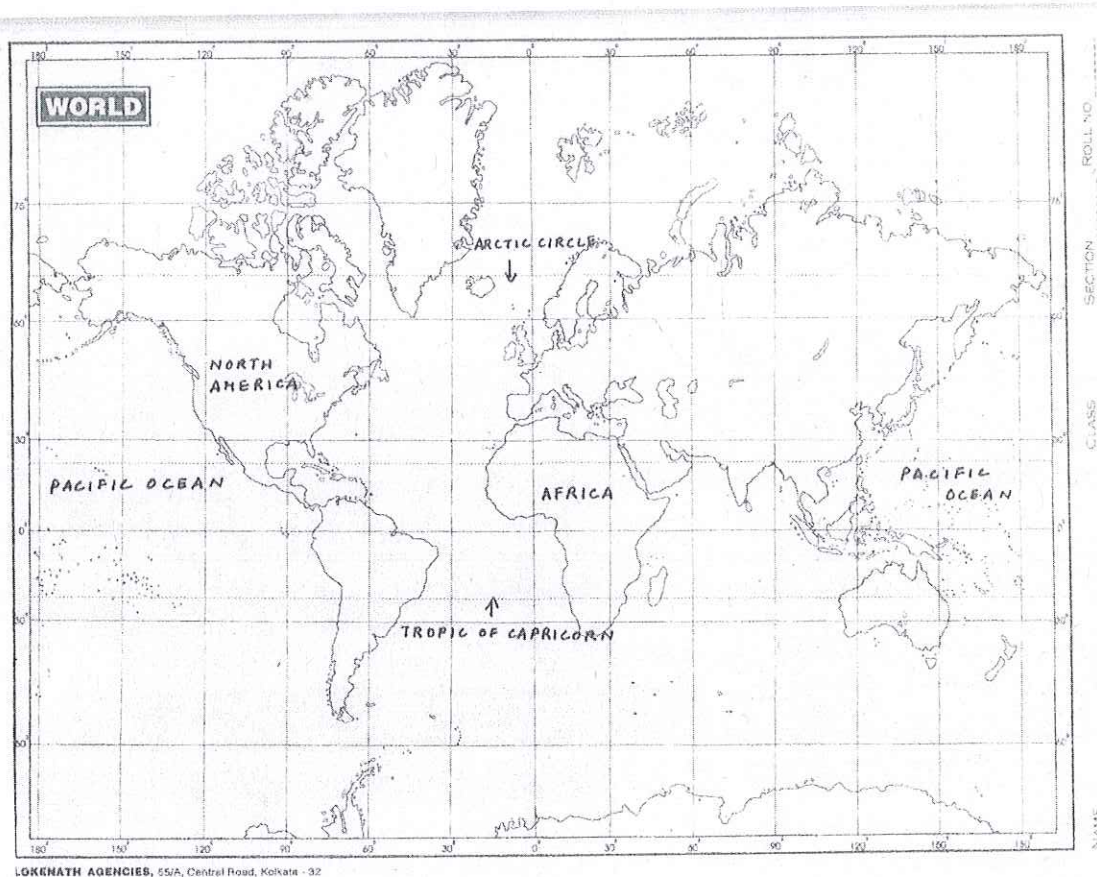
Ans. **Chapter: 5, page: 44 & 45** – paragraphs under **Latitude and Altitude**.

- i) Name the 'Island Continent' and describe it.

Ans. **Chapter: 3, page: 29** – the whole paragraph under **Australia**.

11. Map pointing – Show the following neatly with proper names on an outline map of the **WORLD**. (5)

- a) Africa
- b) Tropic of Capricorn
- c) Pacific Ocean
- d) Arctic Circle
- e) North America



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