

ST.LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



JESUIT MINORITY INSTITUTION

SUB: GENERAL SCIENCE CLASS 6 F.M. 15

TOPIC: THE ROLE OF CHEMISTRY IN OUR LIVES DATE: 25.04.2020 A. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION: 15x1=151. When the worms are fully grown, they build their own protective covering called _____. a) caterpillar b)Cocoons c)pupa 2. The female moth lays about _____ eggs and dies. a) **200-500** b) 400-600 c) 100-200 3. Silk worm feed on leaves. a)banana b)spinach c) mulberry 4. A cocoon is made of a thin thread-like substance formed by the _____ of the worm's secretion. b)hardening a)tightening c) softening 5. A silk filament obtained from a cocoon is about _____ metres long. a) 600-800 b) 100-300 c) 700-900 6. The process of twisting the fibres into silk threads is called _____. a) digging b) throwing c) weaving 7. _____ is obtained from hairy animals like sheep, camels and yaks. a) Mooga b) Loom c)Wool 8. A/An _____ sheep yields around 0.25-2.8 kg of wool in a year. a) **native** b) exotic c) hybrid 9. A/An _____ sheep yields up to 5.5kg in a year. a) **exotic** b)hybrid c) native 10. _____ maintains a sheep farm in good and hygienic conditions.

c)Breeders

b) Shepherds

a) Farmers

11. A wool of	quality is n	nore crimpy than an interior wool.
a)inferior	b) superi	or c)moderate
12. Fine wool has a fibre length than the medium and coarse varieties.		
a)longer	b)smaller	c) shorter
13. In India, sheep are generally twice a year- in spring and autumn.		
a) shorn	b) shown	c)shone
14. The fewer the, the better is the wool .		
a) buns	b) burrs	c)burns
15. The wool obtained from live sheep is called wool.		
a) clipped	b) pulled	c)natural

Ms. Beline Jermy Peter