

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution



Answerkey 23

Sub: Economics Class: XII							
Chapter 03: Elasticity of Demand F.M.: 15							
Topic	: Re	evision of entire chapter	Date: 17/06/2020				
36 1			4 4				
	tiple choice questions $1x15 = 15$. Percentage change in quantity demanded due to percentage change in any						
1.		terminants of demand are called as	Change in any				
		Change in quantity demanded,					
		Change in demand,					
		Elasticity of demand,					
		All of above.					
	u.	Ans: c. Elasticity of demand.					
2.	Fla	sticity of demand are of the following types					
۷.		Price elasticity,					
		Income elasticity,					
		Cross price elasticity,					
		All of these.					
	u.	Ans: d. All of these.					
3	۱۸/۱	nen a small fall in price leads to infinitely large purchases, d	lemand is said to				
Э.			iciliana is sala to				
		Perfectly inelastic,					
		Elastic,					
	c.	Perfectly elastic,					
		All of above.					
		Ans: c. Perfectly elastic.					
4.	WI	nen a change of price causes no change in the amount purc	chased demand is said to				
	a.	Elastic,					
	b.	Inelastic,					
	c.	Perfectly elastic,					
	d.	Perfectly inelastic.					

Ans: d. Perfectly inelastic.

a. Horizontal,

5. For perfectly elastic demand, the demand curve is_____.

	b.	Vertical,
	c.	Flatter,
	d.	None of these.
		Ans: a. Horizontal.
6.	Foi	perfectly inelastic demand, the demand curve is
	a.	Steeper
	b.	Horizontal
	c.	Vertical
	d.	None of these.
		Ans: c. Vertical.
7.	Th	e value of unitary elastic demand is
	a.	Zero
	b.	Infinity
	c.	Less than one
	d.	One.
		Ans: d. One.
8.	Pe	rcentage change in quantity demand due to percentage change in income of the
	coı	nsumer is called as
		a. Cross price elasticity of demand,
		b. Price elasticity of demand,
		c. Elasticity of demand,
		d. Income elasticity of demand.
		Ans: d. Income elasticity of demand.
9.	Т	he value of income elasticity will be positive when the good is
	a.	Inferior,
	b.	Normal,
	c.	Luxury,
	d.	Habitual.
		Ans: b. Normal.
10.	Foi	inferior good the value of income elasticity will be
	a.	Positive,
	b.	Less than one,
	c.	Negative,
	d.	Greater than one.
		Ans: c. Negative.
11.	Wł	nen the value of income elasticity is greater than one then the good is
	a.	Luxury,
	b.	Habitual,

	c.	Nor	rmal,
	d.	All	of above.
		Ans	s: a. Luxury.
12.	For	nec	cessary good the value of income elasticity will be
	a.	Zer	0,
	b.	One	2,
	c.	Gre	eater than one,
	d.	Les	s than one.
		Ans	s: a. Zero.
13.	Pei	rcen	tage change in quantity demand of one good due to percentage change in price
	of a	anot	her good is called
	a	. Cı	ross price elasticity of demand,
	b	. Pi	rice elasticity of demand,
	С	. El	asticity of demand,
	d	l. In	ncome elasticity of demand.
		Α	ns: a. Cross price elasticity of demand.
1	4. T	he v	alue of cross price elasticity will be positive when the two goods are
		a.	Substitute,
		b.	Complementary,
		c.	Luxury,
		d.	Habitual.
			Ans: a. Substitute.
1	5. F	For complementary goods the value of cross price elasticity will be	
		a.	Positive,
		b.	Less than one,
		c.	Negative,
		d.	Greater than one.
			Ans: c. Negative.

Debaleena Ganguly. 17.06. 2020