



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution	
Answer Key 36	
Sub: Costing & Taxation Class: XII	
Chapter: Unit II: Method of Remuneration	F.M.: 15
Topic: Merrick's Differential Piece Rate Wage	Date: 10/07/2020
Choose the correct alternatives:	1 x 15 =15
1. Merrick's differential piece rate system was introduced	
(a) before Taylor; (b) after Taylor ; (c) at the same time with Taylor; (d) none of these.	
2. Merrick's differential piece rate system	
(a) turned down Taylor's method; (b) rectifies Taylor's method; (c) modifies Taylor's method ; (d) none	
of these.	
Merrick's method the disadvantages of Taylor's method.	
(a) edited; (b) composed; (c) eliminated; (d) none of these.	
4. Merrick recommended categories of workers on the basis of their efficiency.	
(a) one; (b) two; (c) three ; (d) four.	
5. According to Merrick, piece rate is	
(a) guaranteed; (b) not guaranteed; (c) question of guarantee does not arise; (d) none of these.	
6. According to Merrick, the most inefficient worker is	
(a) average; (b) standard; (c) novice ; (d) none of these.	
7. According to Merrick, the most efficient worker is	
(a) average; (b) standard; (c) novice; (d) none of these.	
8. According to Merrick, the moderately efficient worker is	
(a) average; (b) standard; (c) novice; (d) none of these.	
9. If the efficiency percentage is 80, the worker will get	
(a) 110% of normal piece rate; (b) 120% of normal piece rate; (c) 100% of normal piece rate ; (d) none of	
these.	
10. If the efficiency percentage is 99, the worker will get	
(a) 110% of normal piece rate; (b) 120% of normal piece rate; (c) 100% of	f normal piece rate; (d) none of
these.	
11. If the efficiency percentage is 110, the worker will get	
(a) 110% of normal piece rate; (b) 120% of normal piece rate; (c) 100% of normal piece rate; (d) none of	
these.	
12. In the given sum, the most efficient worker is	
(a) A; (b) B; (c) C; (d) D.	
13. In the given sum, the most inefficient worker is	
(a) A; (b) B; (c) C; (d) D.	
14. Earning of B in the given sum is $(a) = 3720; (b) = 3024; (c) = 31452; (d) = and of these$	
(a) ₹720; (b) ₹ 924 ; (c) ₹1152; (d) none of these.	
15. Earning of A in the given sum is $(a) = 720$; $(b) = 7024$; $(c) = 71452$; $(d) = 9024$; $(c) = 71452$; $(d) = 9024$; $(c) = 71452$; $(d) = 9024$; $(c) = 9024$; (c)	
(a) ₹720 ; (b) ₹924; (c) ₹1152; (d) none of these.	

Compiled by Partha Datta, Asst. Teacher.