

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

PRE TEST ANSWER SHEET NO. - 14



Class: 12

Sub: SOCIOLOGY

Date- 18/05/2020

CHAPTER: 2

(1x15=15)

TOPIC: BRAHMANIZATION AND SANSKRITIZATION

I. <u>CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION</u>

- 1. Who coined the term Brahmanisation? c. M.N Srinivas
- 2. In which year was the term Brahmanisation coined? *a.1952*
- **3.** In which book was the term Brahmanisation first coined? *a.* Religion and Society among the Coorgs of Southern India
- 4. The concept of 'Dominant Caste' first appeared in
- a. The Dominant Caste in Ramapura
- 5. To which one of the following the process of Sanskritisation is related? c. Reference group
- 6. Who first used the term Sanskritization?
- a. M.N Srinivas

7. ______ is a process whereby people of lower castes collectively try to adopt upper caste practices and beliefs and acquire higher status.

b. Sanskritization

- 8. To know about Sanskritization M.N Srinivas made his study in *b. Coorgs*
- **9.** By including the concept 'dominant caste' in the concept of Sanskritisation, Srinivas a. Broadens the connotations of the term Sanskritic to include both the sacred and secular elements of culture.
- 10. Sanskritisation is a form of
 - a. Social mobility
- 11. A person belonging to a Sudra caste gives up eating meat and liquor and adopts vegetarianism, teetotalism, and ritualistic worship. Which one of the following best describes this behavior?
 - b. Brahmanisation
- **12.** Social change is responsible for *d. All the above*
- 13. Sanskritisation is a process of b. Upward mobility
- 14. Sanskritisation results in

c. Positional change

- 15. M.N Srinivas replaced the term Brahmanisation by ______ in 1971 in his book 'Social Change in Modern India'.
 - c. Sanskritisation

SHABARI DAS

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