

## **ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL** A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



## **Solutions of Worksheet-24**

SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS

2nd-term

**Chapter: Trigonometry & Algebra Topic: General Solutions & Binomial** Date: 21.11.2020 **Choose the correct option** (1 X 15 = 15)1. The general solution of  $\cos \theta = 0$  is ? a)  $\theta = n\pi$ **b)**  $\theta = (2n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$ c)  $\theta = 2n\pi$ d)  $\theta = (2n-1)\frac{\pi}{2}$ 2. The general solution of  $\sin \theta = 1$  is ? a)  $\theta = n\pi$ **b)**  $\theta = (4n+1)\frac{\pi}{4}$ c)  $\theta = 2n\pi$ **d)**  $\theta = (4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$ 3. If  $\tan \theta = 1$  and  $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$ , then  $\theta = ?$ a) 45° & 225° b) 45° & 135° c) 45° & 315° d) 45° & 210° 4. The general solution of  $\cot \theta = \cot \alpha \ (\alpha \neq 0)$  is ? a)  $\theta = n\pi + \alpha$ b)  $\theta = n\pi + \frac{\alpha}{2}$ c)  $\theta = n\pi - \alpha$ d)  $\theta = \alpha$ 

**Class: XI** 

5. The general solution of  $\operatorname{cosec} \theta = \operatorname{cosec} \alpha \ (\alpha \neq 0)$  is ? a)  $\theta = n\pi + \alpha$ b)  $\theta = n\pi + \frac{\alpha}{2}$ c)  $\theta = n\pi\alpha$ d) None of these. 6. The general solution of  $\sin \theta = \cos \theta$  is ? a)  $\theta = (2n+1)\frac{\pi}{4}$ b)  $\theta = n\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$ c)  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ d) None of these. 7. The general solution of the equation  $\tan 3x = 1$  is ? a)  $n\pi + \frac{\pi}{12}$ b)  $n\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$ c)  $\frac{n\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4}$ d)  $\frac{n\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{12}$ 8. The number of terms in the expansion of  $\left(x - \frac{2}{3x}\right)^{11}$  is ? a) 11 , b) 12 , c) 13 , d) 14 9. The index of y in the 10<sup>th</sup> term of the expansion of  $(x + y)^{19}$  is ? a) 9 , b) 10 , c) 19 , d) 20 10. The middle term in the expansion of  $(2x - 3y)^{12}$  is ? a) 7<sup>th</sup> term b) 8<sup>th</sup> term c) 8<sup>th</sup> term d) None of these. 11. The middle term in the expansion of  $(3x - 4y)^{15}$  is ? a) 6<sup>th</sup> & 7<sup>th</sup> terms. **b)** 5<sup>th</sup> & 6<sup>th</sup> terms. c) 7<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup> terms. d) 8th & 9th terms.

```
12. The index of a in the 12<sup>th</sup> term of the expansion of (a + 2b)^{20} is ?
   a) 9
   b) 10
   c) 19
   d) 20
13. The coefficient of x^{15} in the expansion of \left(x^3 + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^{10} is ?
   a) 650
   b) 850
   c) 960
   d) 860
14. The coefficient of x^{-2} in the expansion of \left(2x^3 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^6 is ?
         a) 60
         b) 50
         c) 96
         d) 86
15. The coefficient of x^4 in the expansion of (1 + x + x^2 + x^3)^{11}
     is?
               , b) 909 , c) 990 , d) None of these.
      a) 660
                                                                                Prepared by :-
                                                                         SUKUMAR MANDAL (SkM).
```