



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL
A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



WORKSHEET-30
SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS
Final - Term

Chapter: Miscellaneous

Class: XII

Topic: Miscellaneous

Date: 21.01.2021

Choose the correct option **(1 x 15=15)**

1. $\int_0^{\pi} \sin 3x \sin 5x \, dx = ?$

a) $\frac{\pi}{4}$

b) 0

c) 1

d) None of these

2. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\cos x} + \sqrt{\sin x}} \, dx = ?$

a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$, b) $\frac{\pi}{4}$, c) $\frac{\pi}{8}$, d) None of these.

3. $\int_2^3 \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{5-x}} \, dx = ?$

a) $\frac{3}{8}$, b) $\frac{1}{8}$, c) $\frac{1}{2}$, d) None of these.

4. $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + y = \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{dy}{dx}}$ is a differential equation of degree -
- 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
5. The degree of the differential equation $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^2 + \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^4 + \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 6x^3$ is -
- 4
 - 3
 - 2
 - 1
6. In the linear differential equation of the form $\frac{dx}{dy} + Px = Q$, Q is -
- A constant.
 - Function of x .
 - A constant or a function of y .
 - Function of both x & y .
7. The integrating factor of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + Py = Q$, is -
- e^x
 - e^{Px}
 - $e^{\int P dx}$
 - $e^{\int P dy}$
8. Which of the statement(s) is/are true ?
- $f(x) = x^3$ is decreasing in $(-\infty, \infty)$
 - $f(x) = x^4$ is increasing in $(-\infty, 0)$
- Only i. is true.
 - Only ii. is true.
 - Both i. and ii. are true.
 - Both are false.

9. If the slopes of the tangent and normal to the curve $y = f(x)$ at (x, y) be $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and m respectively, then

$m = ?$

a) $-\frac{dy}{dx}$

b) $\frac{dx}{dy}$

c) $-\frac{dx}{dy}$

d) *None of these.*

10. If the tangent to the continuous curve $y = f(x)$ at $P(a, b)$ is parallel to x -axis, then the equation of the tangent at P is –

a) $y = b$

b) $y = a$

c) $y = -b$

d) $y = -a$

11. The slope of the tangent to the rectangular hyperbola $xy = c^2$ at $(ct, \frac{c}{t})$ is –

a) $-\frac{1}{t}$

b) $-\frac{1}{t^2}$

c) $\frac{1}{t}$

d) $\frac{1}{t^2}$

12. The minimum value of the function $f(x) = x^2 - x + 2$ is ?

a) 4 ; b) 1 ; c) 7 ; d) None of these.

13. The area bounded by the straight lines $2x = 3y$, $x = 3$, $x = 5$ and x-axis (in square unit) is –
- a) 16
 - b) 8
 - c) 4
 - d) $\frac{16}{3}$
14. In an LPP , the decision variables can take ?
- a) Any real values
 - b) Any integer values
 - c) Any natural numbers
 - d) Any non-negative real values
15. An infeasible LPP has ?
- a) A unique solution
 - b) No solution
 - c) Many solutions
 - d) None of these.

Prepared by :-

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