

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution WORK SHEET - 9

CLASS –VI

SUBJECT –ALGEB & GEOM CHAPTER 21 – QUADRILATERAL & CIRCLES TOPIC – CIRCLES- MORE DEFINITIONS	F.M – 15 Date -23 .04.20
I. Multiple choice questions : (Select the correct option)	(15)
1. One fourth of a circle is called a	
a) tangent b) radius c) quadrants d) none of these.	
2. The part of a circle enclosed by any two radii of a circle is called	
a) tangent b) radii c) sector d) none of these.	
3. Concentric circles have centre.	
a) different b) same c) new d) none of these.	
4 arc is less than a semi circle.	
a) major b) minor c) new d) none of these.	
5 arc is more than a semi circle.	
a) major b) minor c) new d) none of these.	
6. There can be types of arc in a circle.	
a) 3 b) 1 c) 2 d) none of these.	
7. A can divide a circle into two equal parts.	
a) tangent b) diameter c) radius d) none of these.	
8. If two radii are at angles to each other then the sector is called th	e quadrant.
a) right b) acute c) obtuse d) none of these .	
9. There can be maximum quadrants in a circle.	
a) 3 b) 4 c) 1 d) none of these .	
10. The radius of a circle is 4cm then its diameter is	
a) 16cm b) 8cm c) 2cm d) none of these.	
11. The diameter of a circle is 10cm then its radius is	
a) 20cm b) 2cm c) 5cm d) 100cm.	

- 12.The mid point of the _____ is the centre of a circle.
- a) tangent b) diameter c) radius d) none of these.
- 13. The smaller part of a circle is called as _____ segment.
- a) minor b) major c) interior d) none of these.
- 14. The larger part of a circle is called as _____ segment
- a) minor b) major c) interior d) none of these.
- 15. A tangent touches the circle only at _____ point.
- a) 4 b) 1 c) 2 d) none of these.

By - U. James Riju.