ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

WORK SHEET – 9 Sub: LIFE SCIENCE

Class: IX

Date: 16.04.2020

Topic: Plant tissues :Complex Permanent tissue and its typesF.M. : 15

Choose the correct option:

(1x15=15)

- 1. Complex permanent tissues are those
 - a) Divide continously b) have more than one type of cells having dissimilar function of each type c) have different types of cells with similar function d) have only type of cells having many functions
- 2. Functions of Complex tissue includes:
 - a) Conduction of food and water b) Mechanical support c) Major component of secondary wood d) All of these
- 3. The xylem and phloem together forms the:
 - a) Bundle sheath b) Vascular Bundles c) Bundle cap d) All of these
- 4. The first land vascular plants are:
 - a) Ferns b) gymnosperms c) monocots d) dicots
- 5. Vascular Bundles are found in :
 - a) leaf b) stem c) root d) all of these
- 6. Which one is not a component of Xylem:
 - a) Xylem fibres b) sieve tube c) trachea d) Tracheids
- 7. Bast fibres is the other name for:
 - a) Phloem parenchyma b) Xylem parenchyma c) Phloem fibres d) Xylem fibres
- 8. The component of xylem meant for conduction of water:
 - a) Tracheids b) Trachea c) Xylem parenchyma d) Both (a) and (b)
- 9. The component of phloem for storage of food and water:
 - a) Phloem parenchyma b) Sieve tubes c) Companion cells d) Phloem fibres
- 10. The perforated end plate in phloem is called:
 - a) Sieve plate b) Sieve cell c) callus d) sieve tube
- 11. The tissue which helps in upward transport of water and minerals:
 - a) Xylem b) Phloem c) Sclerenchyma d) Sclereids
- 12. Which part of xylem is living:
 - a) Xylem fibre b) Trachea c) Xylem parenchyma d) Tracheids

13. The major component of secondary wood is:

a) Secondary phloem b) primary xylem c) Secondary Xylem d) None of these 14. The metabolic activity of sieve tube is controlled by:

- a) Phloem parenchyma b) Companion cell c) Sieve cells d) Phloem fibres 15. The living cells in Phloem:
 - a) Phloem parenchyma b) Companion cell c) Phloem fibre d) Both (a) and (b) Shaista Ahmed