

## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



## A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution

## **WORKSHEET - 16**

## <u>Topic – Spooling, Buffering and Virtual Memory</u>

Subject: CO	MPUTEI	R SCIENCE		Class - 11			F.M:15	
Chapter: Sof	tware an	d Languages					Date: 20/07/2020	
Choose t	he co	rrect answ	er for	each que	stion:		[15 X 1 = 15]	
1.	Full for	rm of SPOOL:						
		Simultaneo		Operation O	n-line			
		Simultaneo		•				
		Simultaneo		•				
		Simultaneo		•				
2.		uses lim	-					
		Spooling			,			
		Buffering						
		Both (a) and	d (b)					
		None of the						
3.		consid	ders dis	k as a huge s	pool or buffer.			
	a.	Spooling						
	b.	Buffering						
	c.	Both (a) and	d (b)					
	d.	None of the	ese					
4.	Spooli	ng is	effic	ient than buf	fering.			
	a.	More						
	b.	Less						
	c.	Same						
	d.	Cannot be o	determi	ned				
5.	Spooling requires resource management as compare to buffering as different							
	resour	ces manages	the pro	cess for spec	ific jobs.			
	a.	More						
	b.	Less						
	c.	Same						
	d.	Cannot be o	determi	ned				
6.	Swaps	space exists ir	າ					
	a) prin	nary memory						
	b) seco	ondary memo	ry					
	c) cpu							
	•	e of the ment						
7.	•		ogical m	nemory and p	hysical memory	is	_	
	-	mory control						
	-	mory manage	ment					
	-	mory sharing						
	d) Virt	ual memory						

8.		can handle the input/output of one job along with the computation of						
	anothe	r job at the same time.						
	a.	Spooling						
	b.	Buffering						
	c.	Both (a) and (b)						
		None of these						
9.		Because of virtual memory, the memory can be shared among						
٥.	a) processes							
	b) threads							
	c) instructions							
	d) none of the mentioned							
10	-	overlaps the input and output of one job with the computation of the same job.						
10.								
		Spooling						
		Buffering						
		Both (a) and (b)						
	d.	None of these						
11.	With th	ne help of Input/output subsystems can improve the performance and						
	efficiency of the computer by using a memory space in the main memory.							
		Spooling						
		Buffering						
		Both (a) and (b)						
		None of these						
12		is a storage allocation scheme in which secondary memory can be addressed						
12.		as though it were part of main memory.						
		Virtual Memory						
		Temporary RAM						
		Permanent						
13.		d. None of these Virtual Memory is a technique that is implemented using:						
		Software						
		Hardware						
		Both (A) and (B)						
		None of these						
14.		maps memory addresses used by a program, called virtual addresses.						
	a.	Virtual Memory						
		Temporary RAM						
		Permanent						
	d.	None of these						
15.		outs data into a working area so it can be accessed and processed by						
	another program or resource.							
		Temporary						
		Permanent						
		Virtual						
		None of those						
	u.	None of those						

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