

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution

WORKSHEET -7

Topic – Introduction to HTML, HTML tags and elements

| Subject: COMPUTER Class - 7 | F.M:15 |
|---|-----------------|
| Chapter: HTML | Date: 19/06/202 |
| Choose the correct answer for each question: | 15x1=15 |
| 1. HTML stands for : | |
| a. Hyper Text Markup Language | |
| b. High Text Markup Language | |
| c. Hyper Tabular Markup Language | |
| d. None of these | |
| 2. HTML is used to create: | |
| a. Web pages | |
| b. Web applications | |
| c. Software applications | |
| d. Both (a) and (b) | |
| 3. HTML is a language. | |
| a. Scripting | |
| b. Markup | |
| c. Programming | |
| d. Word-processing | |
| 4. All HTML tags are enclosed within: | |
| a. # and # | |
| b. < and > | |
| c. ? and ? | |
| d. \$ and \$ | |
| Which character is used to represent the closing of a tag in HTML?a. / | |
| a. / b. ? | |
| c. # | |
| d. \$ | |
| 6. When both ON and OFF tags are present in an HTML tag, it is called | |
| a. Container tag | · |
| b. Empty tag | |
| c. Opening tag | |
| d. Closing tag | |
| 7. Consider the following statements and choose the correct option: | |
| (I)HTML is a case-sensitive language | |
| (II)The space between tags does not affect the output | |
| a. Statement (I) is true and Statement (II) is false | |

b. Statement (I) is false and Statement (II) is true

| C. | Both the statements are true |
|-------------|---|
| d. | Both the statements are false |
| 8. When a | an ON tag is present and OFF tag is missing in an HTML tag, it is called a/an |
| a. | Container tag |
| b. | Empty tag |
| c. | Opening tag |
| d. | Closing tag |
| 9. To crea | ite HTML page, you need: |
| a. | Web Browser |
| b. | Text Editor |
| C. | Both (a) and (b) |
| d. | None of these |
| 10. Exampl | les of text editors: |
| a. | MS Paint |
| b. | Notepad |
| C. | MS Excel |
| d. | None of these |
| 11 | is a way to link two or more web pages (HTML documents) with each other. |
| a. | Hypertext |
| b. | Web Browser |
| C. | Text editors |
| d. | All of these |
| 12. With th | ne help of HTML, we can create web pages. |
| a. | Dynamic |
| b. | Static |
| C. | Both (a) and (b) |
| d. | None of these |
| 13. Exampl | les of Web browsers: |
| a. | Google |
| b. | YouTube |
| C. | Internet Explorer |
| d. | All of these |
| 14. An HTN | AL element consists of: |
| a. | A start tag |
| b. | End tag |
| C. | Element content |
| d. | All of these |
| | job is to interpret tags and display the content properly? |
| a. | Web browser |
| b. | Text Editors |
| C. | HTML |
| d. | Internet |
| | Phalguni Pramanik |
| | |
| | |