# ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL <br> A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION 

Sub: Algebra and Geometry
Duration: 40 min

## Choose the Correct options:

1. Choose the correct statement
A. a triangle has two right angles
B. all the angles of a triangle are more than $60^{\circ}$
C. an exterior angle of a triangle is always greater than the opposite interior angles
2. In a triangle $P Q R$ if $\angle Q P R=80^{\circ}$ and $P Q=P R$, then $\angle R$ and $\angle Q$ are
A. $80^{\circ}, 80^{\circ}$
B. $70^{\circ}, 80^{\circ}$
C. $50^{\circ}, 50^{\circ}$
3. In the given figure, $A D$ is the median then $\angle B A D$ is

A. $35^{\circ}$
B. $110^{\circ}$
C. $55^{\circ}$
4. How many altitudes can a triangle have?
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
5. A connects a vertex of a triangle to the mid-point of the opposite side.
A. Altitude
B. Median
C. Opposite side
6. An -_ angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of its interior opposite angles.
A. Exterior angle
B. Interior angle
C. Adjacent angle
7. The total measure of the three angles of a triangle is
A. 90
B. 180
C. 360
8. If the two angles of a triangle are 50 degree and 70 degree, then the measure of third angle is
A. 50
B. 60
C. 70
9. The sum of the lengths of any two sides of a triangle is $\qquad$ than the third side.
A. greater than
B. less than
C. equal to
10. In a right angled triangle, if one angle is 45 degree then the measure of the third angle is $\qquad$
A. 90
B. 45
C. 180
11. In a triangle if all angles are equal, then the measure of each angle is $\qquad$
A. 45
B. 60
C. 90
12. Which is the longest side of a right angle?
A. altitude
B. hypotenuse
C. legs
13. The perpendicular line segment from a vertex of a triangle to its opposite side is called an -- of the triangle.
A. altitude
B. median
C. base
14. Which of the following can be the sides of a right triangle.
A. $3 \mathrm{~cm}, 4 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}$
B. $2.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}, 1.5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
C. $5 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}, 7 \mathrm{~cm}$
15. The perpendicular line segment from a vertex of a triangle to its opposite side is called
A. Median
B. Base
C. Altitude
