

D. octagon

Q7: The triangles can be classified on the basis of

- A. the number of equal sides
- B. the types of angles
- C. length of line segments
- D. both a and b

Q8: The obtuse-angled triangle must have

- A. four obtuse angles
- B. three obtuse angles
- C. two obtuse angles
- D. one obtuse angle

Q9: The plane with five edges as its sides is called

- A. octagon
- B. quadrilateral
- C. pentagon
- D. hexagon

Q10: The polygon is said to be convex polygon if none of its interior angles is

- A. right angle
- B. acute angle
- C. obtuse angle
- D. reflex angle

Q11: A plane with ten edges as its sides is called

- A. octagon
- B. decagon
- C. pentagon
- D. hexagon

Q12: The types of convex polygons includes

- A. heptagon
- B. hexagon
- C. octagon
- D. all of above

Q13: The kind of triangle which has no equal side is called

- A. isosceles triangle
- B. scalene triangle
- C. exterior angle
- D. equilateral triangle

Q14: The plane with four straight edges as its sides is called

- A. octagon
- B. quadrilateral
- C. pentagon
- D. hexagon

Q15: The triangle which consists of three equal sides is classified as

- A. exterior angle
- B. equilateral triangle
- C. isosceles triangle
- D. scalene triangle

Teacher- Piyali Halder