

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



WORKSHEET - 4

Class: 5

9	Sub: HISTORY	Date- 17/04/2020				
	ΓΙΤLE: NON MATERIAL HERITAGE OF INDIA	CHAPTER: 4				
<u>CE</u>	HOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION.	(1X15=15)				
1.	refers to those cultural aspects known as 'culture marke	ers' which we cannot				
	touch.					
	a. Material heritage b. Non material heritage c. Oral tradition	_				
2.	In ancient times, knowledge was passed from one generation to					
_	a. Symbols b. Through written language c.Through non verbal ges	stures d. Orally				
3.	Which of these examples can be classified under non-material heritage?					
	a. Monuments b. Metal work c. Cave art d. Religious	books				
4.	Which of the following branches of knowledge were passed orally?	1 411 641				
_	a. Skills of craftsmen b. Songs and poems c. Customs and traditions					
5.	For several centuries, passing knowledge through oral means was the only way to preserve					
	knowledge for future. a. True b. Partly correct c. Partly incorrect d. False					
6.	Who acted as an agent for the transfer of knowledge orally?					
0.	a. Grandparents b. Minstrels c. Puppeteers d. All of them					
7	Which of the following were passed orally through stories, songs and plays	s for soveral conturies				
/•	until they were written down?	s for several centuries				
	a. The Puranas b. The Ramayana and Mahabharata c. The Panchatan	ntra d. All				
8.	Which of these examples can be classified under performing arts?					
•	a. Medicine b. Music c. Drama d. Both b & c					
9.	Who wrote the Natyashastra?					
	a. Sage Agastya b. Sage Atri c. Sage Gautama Maharishi	d. Sage Bharata				
10.	One of the famous plays of Kalidasa is	U				
	a. Ritusamhara b. Meghadoota c. Shakuntala d. Raghuvar	msa				
11.	of Kerala is the 2000 year old surviving theatre tradit	ions of the world.				
	a. Kalaripayattu b. Kutiyattam c. Kathakali d. Jatra					
12.	Tick the correct combination.					
	a. Swang- Uttar Pradesh b. Nautanki- Rajasthan c. Therukuttu- Tamil	Nadu d. Raasleela- Bengal				
13.	The traditional classical Indian music of Northern India is known as					
	a. Hindustani music b. Qawwali music c. Baul songs d. Dhrupad					
14.	Who is known as the father of Indian classical music?					
	a. Tansen b. Thyagaraja c. Amir Khusrau d. None					
15.	15. Popular Indian musical instrument is/are					
	a Violin b Guitar c Veena d Piano					