

Answer: All of these (d)

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION SOLUTIONS – 31

Class: IX Sub: Life Science Date: 09.06.2020

Topic: Respiration in plants

	F.M.: 15	
Ch	Choose the correct option: (1x15=15)	
1.	Respiration is the sum total of and processes in an organisms. a) Physical and mechanical b) Chemical c) Metabolism and chemical change d) Physical and	
	chemical	
	Answer : Physical and chemical (d)	
2.	Chemical processes in the body are also known as :-	
	a) External respiration b) Intensive respiration c) Internal respiration d) Inner respiration	
	Answer : Internal respiration (c)	
3.	Internal respiration includes :-	
	a) Exchange of gases b) Oxidation of glucose to produce CO ₂ and H ₂ O c) Transport of gases	
	d) All of these	
	Answer: Oxidation of glucose to produce CO ₂ and H ₂ O (b)	
4.	The function of respiratory system is :-	
	a) Oxidation of food to release CO_2 and O_2 b) Exchange of gases with environment c) Transport	
	of gases d) All of these	
	Answer :Exchange of gases with environment (b)	
5.	Gills are the respiratory organs of :-	
	a) Catla b) Shark c) Axolotyl larva d) All of these	
	Answer : Axolotyl larva (c)	
6.	Human respiratory system includes :-	
	a) Trachea b) Pharynx c) Bronchioles d) All of these	
	Answer :All of these(d)	
7.	What is not a characteristic of a respiratory surface :-	
	a) Thick wall b) Moist inner surface c) Large surface area d) Blood supply	
	Answer : Thick wall(a)	
8.	Respiratory organs of plant is / are :-	
	a) Stomata b) Lenticels c)Pneumatophores d) All of these	

9.	The tiny openings on the leaves and young green stems for respiration is called :-
	a) Stomata b) Guard cell c) Lenticel d) None of these
	Answer :Stomata (a)
10.	Guard cells are specialized structures which are shaped in plants.
	a)Reniform b) Oval c)Dumbbell shaped d) Reniform in dicots and dumbbell in monocots
	Answer: Reniform in dicots and dumbbell in monocots (d)
11.	The opening and the closing of stomata is brought about by and respectively.
	a) Entry and exit b) Turgidity and flaccidity c) Flaccidity and turgidity d) All of these
	Answer : Turgidity and flaccidity (b)
12.	The permanent openings on bark which allow gas exchange throughout the day and night are
	called :-
	a) Pnematophores b) Stoma c) Lenticels d) Guard cells
	Answer : Lenticels (c)
13.	Breathing roots develop in plants found in areas.
	a) Waterlogged b) Dry c) Coastal d) Hilly
	Answer : Waterlogged (a)
14.	Pneumatophores are found in
	a) Mango tree b) Orchids c) Mangroves d) Water lily
	Answer: Mangroves (c)
15.	Lenticels are found on :-
	a) Roots b) Fruit walls c) Barks of trees d) Both (b) and (c)
	Answer: Both (b) and (c) (d)

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