

ST.LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



JESUIT MINORITY INSTITUTION

CLASS 5

SUB: GENERAL SCIENCE	

F.M. 15

15x1=15

TOPIC: SOLUBILITY OF DIFFERENT STATES OF MATTER IN WATER , PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL CHANGE

DATE: 15.04.2020

A. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION:

1.	Potassium permanganate is in water.					
	a) Soluble b)insoluble c)dissolve					
2.	Bubbles are formed when the gases are separated from water on heating.					
	a) absorbed b) dissolved c) obtained					
3.	When one liquid dissolves in another, they are said to be					
	a)immiscible b)permanent c) miscible					
4.	4. Alcohol is a liquid that is in water.					
	a) miscible b)immiscible c) mixed					
5.	5. When two liquids are not mixed together, they are said to be					
	a) miscible b) mixture c) immiscible					
6.	6. Water in the oceans, rivers and lakes contains dissolved oxygen and					
	a) carbon monoxide b) nitrogen c) ozone					
7.	 When the solids dissolve in liquids, the solid molecules take the between the liquid molecules. 					
	a) shape b) space c)volume					
8. The gas that bubbles out of an aerated drinks is						
	a) carbon monoxide b)oxygen c) carbon dioxide					
9. A physical change is a change .						
	a) static b) temporary c)permanent					
10	10 changes result in the formation of new substances.					

a)**chemical** b) physical c)temporary

11. In a chemical change , heating or cooling results in a change in the state				
of matter.				
a) permanent	b) temporary	c)physical		
12. A physical change can be				
a)destroyed	b)irreversible	c) reversed		
13. Curdling of Milk is a change.				
a) reversible	b) chemical	c)physical		
14. The reason for a physical change to be named as such is that the				
a) transfer of energy takes place				
b)change occurs only in physical properties				
c)reversible change				
15. Rusting of iron is the example of change.				
a) physical	b) chemical	c)moderate		

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