



# ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



2020

## Chapter: Plateaus and Plains

### Worksheet number: 1

### Solutions

Date: 11/05/2020

Class: 6

Term: II

Sub: Geography

Choose the correct answer:

1x15=15

1. Plateaus have rather flat surface and (gentle/ flat/ **steep**) slopes.
2. The (**Victoria**/ Jog/ Bridal Veil) Falls lies in Africa.
3. Most of the plateaus in the world are (hot/ **arid**/ wet).
4. Very often soils on the plateaus are formed by (**volcanic rocks**/ sand/ alluvium).
5. (Cotton and sugarcane/ sugarcane and wheat/ **all of these**) are cultivated on the palteaus.
6. Plateaus support (no/ **few**/ maximum) human settlements).
7. An example of an intermontane plateau is (Deccan/ Colorado/ **Tibetan**) plateau.
8. The plateau of South Africa is an (**continental**/ volcanic/ intermontane) plateau.
9. A (intermontane/ **continental**/ volcanic) plateau rises abruptly from the surrounding lowlands or sea.
10. The (**plateaus**/ plains/ mountains) are called the “storehouse of minerals”.
11. The most abundant lava on the earth’s called the (granitic/ **basaltic**/ mafic) lava.
12. The basalt is formed by cooling down of (granitic/ **mafic**/ porpherie) lava.
13. Fissure eruptions are very (violent/ quick/ **quiet**).
14. The (granitic/ **basaltic**/ acidic) lava is more fluid, so it can spread over a large area.
15. Viscosity means the (low temperature/ high temperature/ **thickness**) of lava.