



2020

Chapter: Disaster Management

Worksheet number: 2

Date: 20/04/2020

Class: 8

Term: II

Sub: Geography

Choose the correct answer:

1x15=15

1. When a building is likely to be damaged by any hazard it is called (risk/ danger/ vulnerability).
2. When an infrastructure is at risk because of its nearness to a hazard, it is called (physical/ social/ economic) vulnerability.
3. The extent to which people are affected by a hazard related to poverty is called (social/ economic/ socio-economic) vulnerability.
4. A community can also become vulnerable by (living conditions/ poverty/ both).
5. The abilities of a community to overcome from a disaster is called (vulnerability/ capacity/ risk).
6. Bad living conditions can also be a cause of (political/ socio-economic/ social) vulnerability.
7. (Vulnerability/ capacity/ risk) is the measure of expected losses due to a hazard.
8. The level of (risk/ capacity/ exposure) depends on the nature of the hazard.
9. An area is (favourably/ adversely/ both) affected by a hazard.
10. The UNDP is an organisation that comes under (organisational/ unorganisational/ community) capacity.
11. Plans and strategies to reduce the adverse effects of a hazard is called (capacity/ disaster/ risk) management.
12. The aim of risk management is to (reduce/ avoid/ both).
13. Disaster management has (2/ 3/ 4) components.
14. Hazard becomes (risk/ disaster/ accident) when there is minimum capacity of the people to deal with vulnerability.
15. When all activities, measures, etc. are taken before, during and after a disaster, it is known as (risk/ rapid/ disaster) management.