## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

## A Jesuit Christian minority Institution

Subject: Mathematics Class- X
Date: 7/11/2020

## Worksheet-1

## Chapter- similarity

## Topic- Theorems on similarity of triangles

1. Choose the correct alternative.
$1 \times 15=15$
a) All squares are $\qquad$ .
i) Congruent ii) similar iii) both iv) none of these
b) All circles are $\qquad$ .
i) Congruent ii) similar iii) both iv) none of these
c) Two $\qquad$ triangles are always similar.
i) Equilateral ii) scalene iii) isosceles iv) none of these
d) The corresponding angles of any two similar polygonal figures are $\qquad$ .
i) Double of each other ii) equal iii) triple of each other iv) none of these
e) Rhombus and square are always $\qquad$ .
i) Similar ii) congruent iii) both iv) none of the above
f) If there are two triangle having equal angles. Sides of one triangle are 2.5 cm , 3.5 cm and 6 cm . what are the lengths of corresponding sides of the other triangle.
i) $\quad 5.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 12 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 7 cm
ii) $5.8 \mathrm{~cm}, 7 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 13 cm
iii) $5 \mathrm{~cm}, 7 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 12 cm iv) none of these
g) If there are two triangle having equal angles. Sides of one triangle are $5 \mathrm{~cm}, 3.9$ cm and 6.5 cm . what are the lengths of corresponding sides of the other triangle. i) $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 7.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 13 cm ii) $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 7.6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $13 \mathrm{~cm} \quad$ iii) $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 7.4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 13 cm iv ) none of these
h) A straight line $\qquad$ to any side of any triangle divides other two sides proportionally.
i)perpendicular ii) parallel iii) both iv) none of these
i) In ABC triangle DE line is parallel to $\mathrm{BC} . \mathrm{AD}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{DB}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{AE}=7.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ legth of EC is i) 9 cm ii) 9.5 cm iii) 8.5 cm iv) 7.5 cm
j) In ABC triangle DE is parallel to $\mathrm{BC} . \mathrm{AD}=3 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BD}=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AE}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and find the length of AC

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\text { i) } 8 \mathrm{~cm} & \text { ii) } 14 \mathrm{~cm} & \text { iii) } 12 \mathrm{~cm} & \text { iv) none of these }
\end{array}
$$

k) A line parallel to the side $B C$ of $A B C$ triangle intersects the sides $A B$ and $A C$ at the points X and Y respectively. If $\mathrm{AX}=2.4 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AY}=3.2 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{YC}=4.8 \mathrm{~cm}$, then length of $A B$ is

$$
\text { i) } 3.6 \mathrm{~cm} \text { ii) } 6 \mathrm{~cm} \text { iii ) } 7.2 \mathrm{~cm} \text { iv) } 6.4 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

l)The point $D$ and $E$ are situated on the sides $A B$ and $A C$ of the triangle $A B C$ in such a way that DE is paeallel to $\mathrm{BC} . \mathrm{AD}: \mathrm{DB}=3: 1$, If $E A=3.3 \mathrm{~cm}$ then length of AC is
i) 1.1 cm ii) 4 cm iii) 4.4 cm iv) 5.5 cm
m ) In the following figure If RT is parallel to PQ then find the value of x .
i) 5 cm ii) 5.5 cm iii) 6 cm iv) none of these

n) In the above figure find the value of $Y$
i) 9 cm ii) 6 cm iii) 3 cm iv) none of these
o) In the triangle $\mathrm{DEF}, \mathrm{PQ}$ is the line segment joining any two points P and Q on the sides DE and DF respectively. if $\mathrm{DP}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{DE}=15 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{DQ}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{QF}=18$
then i) $P Q=E F$ ii) $P Q$ is parallel to $E F$ iii) $P Q$ is not equal to $E F$ iv) $P Q$ is not parallel to EF.

Aparajita Mondal

