

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



Sub: Algebra Geometry Duration: 40 min

Class: 7 Worksheet Solution-6 LINES AND ANGLES (CONTD.)

Date: 20. 04.20 Full Marks: 15

Choose the Correct options:

1. What is the measure of the complement of 54 degree?

A. 126

B. 36

C. 46

2. What will be the measure of the supplement of 90 degree?

- A. 90
- B. 100
- C. 80

3. Two angles can be supplement if both of them are:

A. Acute angles

B. Obtuse angles

C. Right angles

4. What is the sum of the measures of two complementary angles?

- A. 90
- B. 180
- C. 360

5. The angle which is equal to its complement is ------

- A. 90
- B. 45
- C. 180

6. The angle which is equal to its supplement is ———

- A. 45
- B. 90
- C.180

7. If two adjacent angles are supplementary, they form a ------

- A. Vertically opposite angles
- B. Line ar pair
- C. Intersecting lines

8. Two angles forming a linear pair are _____

A. Complementary

- B. Supplementary
- C. Reflex

9. When a transversal cuts two parallel lines, each pair of corresponding angles are -----

A. Equal

B. Not equal

C. Opposite

10. If two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then each pair of interior angles on the same side of the transversal are ———

- A. Complementary
- B. Supplementary
- C. Reflex

11. The supplement of a right angle is always a ______

A. Right angle

B. Obtuse angle

C. Acute angle

12. The supplement of an acute angle is always —

- A. Acute angle
- B. Obtuse angle
- C. Right angle

13. An angle is greater than 45 degree. Its complementary angle is ______

A. greater than 45 B. equal to 45 C. **less than 45**

14. When two lines intersect, the ——— angles so formed are equal.

- A. Acute
- B. Reflex
- C. Vertical

15. A line segment has —— end points.

A. One

- B. Two
- C. Three