



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

CLASS 8

STUDY MATERIAL 2

SUBJECT :Arithmetic

Playing with numbers

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PLAYING WITH NUMBERS



 General form of a number: The general form of a number abc is abc = a × 100 + b × 10 + c.

Divisibility Rules:

Divisibility factor	Conditions	Example
2	The last digit is 0 or an even number.	9340 0 (Last digit 0) 3456 6 (Last digit is an even number) ∴ 9340 & 3456 are divisible by 2.
3	The sum of all the digits of the number is divisible by 3.	4746 $(4 + 7 + 4 + 6) \neq 3$ = 21 \Rightarrow 3 = 7 \therefore 4746 is divisible by 3.
4	The number formed by last two digits of the number is divisible by 4 or are 00.	616 16 + 4 = 4 8900 00 (Last two digits are 00) ∴ 616 and 8900 are divisible by 4.
5	The last digit of the number is 0 or 5.	60415 5 (Last digit is 5) 76290 0 (Last digit is 0) ∴ 60 415 and 76 290 are divisible by 5
6	The last digit is 0 or an even number, and the sum of all the digits of the number is divisible by 3.	7596 $(7 + 5 + 9 + 6) + 3$ = 27 + 3 = 9 \therefore 7 596 is divisible by 6.
7	The difference between the number formed by the digit/digits in front and the doubled value of the last digit is 0 (or) is divisible by 7.	406406 is divisible by 7 because $40 - (6 \times 2) = 28$ 28 is divisible by 7. \therefore 406 is divisible by 7. \therefore 406 is divisible by 7. 8722 8722 is divisible by 7 because $872 - (2 \times 2) = 868$ 868 is divisible by 7. \therefore 8722 is divisible by 7. \therefore 8722 is divisible by 7. 815 815 is not divisible by 7 because $81 - (5 \times 2) = 71$ 71 is not divisible by 7. \therefore 815 is not divisible by 7.
8	The number formed by the last three digits of the number is divisible by 8.	3568 + 8 = 71 $\therefore 3568 \text{ is divisible by 8.}$

Divisibility factor	Conditions	Example					
9	The sum of all the digits of the number is divisible by 9.	6048	(6 + 0 + 4 + 8) + 9 = 18 + 9 = $\therefore 6048$ is divisible by 9.				
10	The last digit is 0.	931 <u>0</u>	0 (Last digit is 0) ∴ 9 310 is divisible by 10.				
11	The difference of the sum of the digits in even places and the sum of the digits in odd places is 0 or is	1364 3729	((3 + 4) - (1 + 6)) = 0 ((7 + 9) - (3 + 2)) = 11 \therefore 1364 and 3729 are divisible by 7				
	divisible by 11.	25176	((5 + 7) - (2 + 1 + 6)) = 3 \therefore 25176 is not divisible by 11.				
12	The number is divisible by both 3 and 4.	648	(6 + 4 + 8 = 18 and also 48 → 4 = 12) ∴ 648 is divisible by 12.				
		916	(9 + 1 + 6 = 16 and				
			16 + 4 = 4				
			∴ 916 is not divisible by 12 as it is not divisible by 3.				

QUESTION BANK

								^
18	Z is a three digit e 200, and more tha by 7. Find Z.			27		following		egers, which be an even
	(A) 196 (B) 193	(C) 199	(D) 197		(n) r+s	(0) 0	(a) rs	
19	Identify the even	prime nur	nber.	-	(A) -2	(B) 2rs	(C) $\frac{rs}{2}$	(D) 3rs
	(A) 132 (C) 284	(B) 102 (D) 2		28	4. When	'n' is divid	ed by 4, th	remainder is ne remainder ossible value
20	How many prime between 100 and		rs are there		of 'n'?			Ussible value
	(A) 25 (B) 19	(C) 21	(D) 20	-	(A) 9	(B) 14	(C) 19	(D) 24
21	Identify a factor of			29				hich of the
-	(A) 8 (B) 3	(C) 4	(D) 2		State Colorest	Sector Contraction	an odd i	
22	30 is expressed				(A) 3n – 1	2	(B) n – 2	
-	numbers. Which incorrect?				(C) 3(n +	1)	(D) ⁿ / ₃	
	(A) 30 = 12 + 18 (C) 30 = 13 + 17			30	which of			itive integer, s not divide
23	Identify the incom	rect stater	ment.		`a'?			
-	(A) The sum of tw	o odd nu	mbers is	-	(A) 2	(B) 5	(C) 4	(D) 6
	always odd.			31				ve multiples
	(B) The product of always odd.	f two odd	numbers is		(a – c) (d			s the value of
	(C) The sum of tw always even.	o even nı	umbers is		(A) 100 (C) 25		(B) -100 (D) -25)
	(D) The product o is always even		n numbers	32	equals th	ne remain	der when	divided by 5 'x' is divided
24	$x^2 + x + 11$ is a pr	ime numt	per. Which of		by 4. Whi a value of		following	could not be
	the following is no						(C) 21	(D) 22
	(A) 1 (B) 3	(C) 4	(D) 2	33				n 50 and 70
25	If a – b is a multip following is also a				which ca	n be expre	essed as 7j	+ 3, for some value of 'q'?
	(A) b – a	(B) ab			(A) 59	(B) 53	(C) 64	(D) 68
	(C) a + b	(D) $\frac{a+b}{2}$	2	34	What is t	4.4	nder whe	n the sum of
26	The units digit of a	two digit	number is 3			onsecuti		integers is
	times the tens d reversed, the res				(A) 4	(B) 1	(C) 0	(D) 3
	more than the ori the original numb	ginal num		35	How ma	ny numbe	ers betwee	en 1 and 200 ivisible by 3?
	(A) 26 (B) 36	(C) 93	(D) 39		(A) 100	(B) 50	(C) 95	(D) 93
		1919/051	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0.0.100	(2) 00	(0) 00	(2) 00

Find the value of P, Q, R and S respectively. 36 Which is the expanded form of 407? 6 (A) $4 \times 100 + 7 \times 10$ PQRS (B) 4 × 100 + 0 × 10 + 7 × 1 ×9 (C) $4 \times 10 + 7$ (D) $4 \times 10 + 0 \times 10 + 7 \times 1$ SRQP In the product $BA \times B3 = 57A$, what are (A) 1, 0, 8, 9 (B) 8, 1, 0, 9 the respective positional values of B and (C) 1,0,9,8 (D) 1, 9, 0, 8 A? Find the value of P, Q, R and S respectively. (A) 6.7 (B) 5,2 (C) 7,4 (D) 2,5 RS In which of the following pairs of 8 QRS numbers is it true that their sum is 11 times their product? +QPRS (A) 1, 1/11 (B) 1, 1/10 1989 (D) 1,10 (C) 1, 1/12 (A) 6, 1, 7, 3 (B) 1, 7, 3, 6 9 X is a prime number greater than 50 but (C) 7, 1, 6, 3 (D) 1, 6, 3, 7 less than 70. What is the greatest Find D + E + F from the following. possible value of X? 38 $DEF \times D = 10DF$ (A) 53 (B) 61 (C) 67 (D) 59 (A) 12 (B) 4 (C) 3 (D) 5 10 M is a composite number between 70 and 90. Which of the following is the Previous Contest Questions greatest possible value of M? (A) 70 (B) 88 (C) 72 (D) 90 X is the sum of the digits of a 3 digit number subtracted from the number. 11 Which of the following is true? Which of the following is true? (A) 7 is the least composite number. (A) X is divisible by 5. (B) 53 is the only prime number (B) X is not divisible by 6. between 50 and 60. (C) X is divisible by 9. (C) 97 is the only prime number (D) X is not divisible by 9. between 90 and 100. If X + X + X = YX, find the respective values of X and Y. (D) 1 is the least prime number. (12) Which of the given statements is false? (A) 6, 1 (B) 5,1 (C) 1,5 (D) 1,6 Which of the following is the usual form (A) 47 is the largest prime between the of 100 × 8 + 10 × 5 + 9? numbers 1 and 50. (A) 985 (B) 895 (C) 809 (D) 859 (B) 89 is the only prime between 85 and 95. Which of the following integers has the most divisors? (C) 99 is the largest composite number (A) 88 (B) 91 (C) 99 (D) 101 less than 100. Which of the following numbers is (D) There are 10 prime numbers exactly divisible by 99? between 1 and 20. (A) 114345 (B) 135792 (C) 3572404 (D) 913464

SOLUTIONS

Multiple Choice Questions

The last digit is 5, the number is 1. (C) divisible by 5.

> Since 311636 - 10 = 311626 +7 = 44568, the number is divisible by 7 also.

- 2.(D) A number divisible by 3 and 4 is divisible by 12.
- 3. Adding the digits at odd places of (A) the given number 653 * 47, we get 13. Now if the number is divisible by 11, the sum of digits at even places should also be 13, so that 13 - 13 = 0 is divisible by 11.

We have 7 + * + 5 = 13.

 \therefore * = 13 - 12 = 1 is the required value.

(D) 1001 is divisible by 13, as 1001 4. $= 13 \times 77.$

6. (B) (A) 5. (A) 7. 8. (A)

- 9. (B) The prime number after 32 is 37 which is got by adding 5 to 32.
- 10. (C) 153 = 3 × 51. So, 153 is not prime. Previous Contest Questions
 - (C) Consider an example 452 1. 4 + 5 + 2 = 11 is the sum of the digits. X = 452 - 11 = 4414 + 4 + 1 = 9 is divisible by 9. So, option (C) is correct.
 - 2 (B) X + X + X = YXConsider 5, 1 for the respective values of X and Y. Then 5 + 5 + 5 = 15 is correct.
 - $100 \times 8 + 10 \times 5 + 9 = 859$ 3. (D)

- The prime numbers that lie 9. (C) between 50 and 70 are 53, 59, 61 & 67. Therefore, the greatest possible value of X is 67.
- The composite numbers between 10. (B) 70 and 90 are 72, 74, 75 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 84, 85, 86, 87 and 88. Thus, M = 88.
- The only prime number between 90 11. (C) and 100 is 97.

12. (D)

- 11. (B) $147 = 7 \times 21$ is a composite number.
- 12. (D) The prime numbers between 30 and 60 are 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53 and 59. The greatest of these is 59.
- The statement in option (D) is true 13. (D) according to the test of divisibility by 8.
- 14. (C) According to the problem, a fivedigit number between 10000 and 10010 divisible by 5 is 10005.
- 15. (B) $672 \div 8 = 84$

.: 505672 is a multiple of 8.

- (B) 17. (D) 18. (A) 19. (D) 16.
- 20. (C) The prime numbers between 100 and 200 are 101, 103, 107, 109, 113, 127, 131, 137, 139, 149, 151, 157, 163, 167, 173, 179, 181, 191, 193, 197 and 199 which are 21 in number.
- 21. (B) 22. (A) 23. (A)
- (B) For x = 3, $x^2 + x + 11 = 9 + 3 + 11$ 24. = 33 is not a prime number.
- (A) 27. (B) 25. (A) 26. 28. (C)
- 29. (C) Consider n = 10 (Even)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3(n+1) = 3(11) = 33 \rightarrow Odd

a = 4b + 2630. (C) Consider b = 1. Then a = 4(1) + 26= 30, which is divisible by 2, 5 and 6, but not 4.

Hence option (C) is the answer.

- 31. (B) 32. (B) 33. (A) 34. (C) 35. (D)
- 36. (A) Consider P = 1 and S = 9.

Then 1QR9 $\times 9$

9RQ1

Q = 0 (else there will be regrouping in the thousands place) and R = 8.

$$\frac{\times 9}{\text{So, } 9 \text{ R Q 1}}$$
 is correct.

37. (C) 38. (A)

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

MATHEMATICAL REASONING

1.	The number $(10^n - 1)$ is divisible by 11 for (A) $n \in N$	6.	Given that the number 148101a095 is divisible by 11, where a is single digit number, what are the possible values of a?
	 (B) Odd values of n (C) Even values of n (D) n is the multiple of 11 		(A) 4 (B) 1 (C) 7 (D) 9
2.	The values of A and B in the given addition respectively are (A) 4, 7 2 3 A (B) 7, 4 $+ A 3 B$ (C) 5, 6 $\underline{6 B 1}$	7.	The largest natural number by which the product of three consecutive even natural numbers is always divisible, is(A) 16(B) 24(C) 48(D) 96
	(D) 6, 5	8.	If in a number, difference between the
3.	The greatest value that must be given to <i>x</i> so that the number 7713 <i>x</i> 8 is divisible by 4 is		sum of digits at its odd places and that of digits at the even places is given 0, then the number is divisible by
	(A) 1 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7		(A) 7 (B) 9 (C) 5 (D) 11
4.	If 1 A , where A and B are single digit $\frac{\times A}{B6}$ numbers, such that $B - A = 3$, then the values of A and B respectively are	9.	A 5-digit number $xy235$ is divisible by 3 such that $x + y < 5$, where x and y are single digits, then possible values of (x, y) are
	(A) 4, 5 (B) 9, 6 (C) 5, 4 (D) 6, 9		(A) (1, 1) or (4, 0) (B) (1, 1) or (2, 0) (C) (1, 1) or (0, 2) (D) (2, 0) or (0, 2)
5.	Suppose that the division N \div 5 leaves a remainder of 4 and the division N \div 2 leaves a remainder of 1. What must be the ones digit of N?	10.	If 1 A B and there is no carry on addition, + C CA <u>6 9 7</u> then the value of B is
	(A) 7 (B) 3		(A) 5 (B) 4
	(C) 9 (D) 4		(C) 3 (D) 2

- If N divided by 5 leaves a remainder of 3, then one's digit of N must be ____.
 - (A) Either 3 or 6 (B) Either 3 or 8
 - (C) Either 8 or 1 (D) Either 8 or 6
- 12. Given that the number 67y19 is divisible by 9, where y is a single digit, what is the least possible value of y?
 (A) 3
 (B) 9
 - (C) 7 (D) 4
- 13. A 3-digit number 'cba' is divisible by 3 if
 - (A) a + 2b + c is divisible by 3
 - (B) 2a + b + c is divisible by 3
 - (C) a + b + 2c is divisible by 3
 - (D) a + b + c is divisible by 3
- 16. Which of the following statements is INCORRECT?
 - (A) All even natural numbers which are divisible by 3 are also divisible by 6.
 - (B) If a natural number is divisible by 21, then it is divisible by both 3 and 7.
 - (C) If $AB \times 4 = 192$, then A + B = 10
 - (D) A number of the form 14 N + 2 leaves the remainder 2 when divided by 7.

17. Fill in the blanks.

- (i) If sum of 3-digit numbers xyz, yzx and zxy is divided by (x + y + z), then quotient is <u>P</u>.
- (ii) The difference between 2-digit numbers ab and ba, (where a > b) is divided by 3. The quotient is <u>Q</u>.
- (iii) Sum of a 2-digit number and the number obtained by reversing its digits is always divisible by <u>R</u>.

	P	Q	R
(A)	111	3(a + b)	11
(B)	99	(a + b)	7
(C)	111	3(a – b)	11
(D)	99	(a - b)	3

14. If A B, then the value of B is _____

- × A 3 5 7 B
- (A) 5
- (B) 2
- (C) 0
- (D) 4
- In a division, the divisor is 12 times the quotient and 5 times the remainder. If the remainder is 48, then dividend is ____.
 - (A) 240
 - (B) 576
 - (C) 4800
 - (D) 4848

ACHIEVERS SECTION (HOTS)

18.	Mat	ch the following.	0.0	
		Column-I	Co	lumn-ll
	(P)	If $213x27$ is divisible by 9, then $x =$	(i)	2
	(Q)	If 2415x is	(ii)	8

- divisible by 6, then x =
- (R) If 23245x is (iii) 3 divisible by 4 and 3, then x =
- (S) If 7251x93 is (iv) 6 divisible by 11, then x =
- $(A) \quad (P) \rightarrow (iii); (Q) \rightarrow (ii); (R) \rightarrow (iv); (S) \rightarrow (i)$
- $(\mathsf{B}) \quad (\mathsf{P}) \rightarrow (\mathsf{ii}); \, (\mathsf{Q}) \rightarrow (\mathsf{iv}); \, (\mathsf{R}) \rightarrow (\mathsf{i}); \, (\mathsf{S}) \rightarrow (\mathsf{iii})$
- (C) (P) \rightarrow (iii); (Q) \rightarrow (iv); (R) \rightarrow (i); (S) \rightarrow (ii)
- (D) (P) \rightarrow (ii); (Q) \rightarrow (iii); (R) \rightarrow (i); (S) \rightarrow (iv)
- How many 5-digit numbers of the form AABAA is divisible by 33?
 - (A) 1 (B) 3
 - (C) 0 (D) infinite

20. Find	the value of	A, Ba	nd C respectively.	(i)	(ii)
(i)	A 8 3	(ii)	4 3 A 4	(A) 2, 6, 7	9, 5, 2
(7	× C 9	()	× 3A	(B) 6, 7, 2	4, 3, 1
	A 0 4 A +1 5 B B 0		B7C76 + BC0C20	(C) 7, 5, 2	9, 2, 5
	CCAOA		B 4 7 6 9 6	(D) 7, 6, 2	4, 1, 3

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				_				our cho	1000									
1.	AB	C	D	6.	A	₿	C	D	11.	A	₿	C	D	16.	A	₿	C	0
2.	AB	C	D	7.	A	₿	C	D	12.	A	₿	C	D	17.	A	₿	C	D
3.	AB	C	D	8.	A	₿	C	D	13.	A	₿	C	D	18.	۵	₿	C	0
4.	A B	C	D	9.	A	₿	C	D	14.	A	₿	C	D	19.	A	₿	C	D
5.	A B	C	D	10.	A	B	C	D	15.	A	B	C	D	20.	A	B	C	

ANSWERS: 1-C, 2-A, 3-C, 4-D, 5-C, 6-A, 7-C, 8-D, 9-B, 10-C, 11-B, 12-D, 13-D, 14-A, 15-D, 16-C, 17-C, 18-C, 19-B, 20-D

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