

**Sub: Economics** 

## St. Lawrence High School A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution



## Worksheet 23 Class: XII

**Chapter 03: Elasticity of Demand** F.M.: 15

Topic: Revision of entire chapter Date: 17/06/2020

Multiple choice questions 1x15 = 15		
1.	Percentage change in quantity demand due to percentage change in any determinants	
	of demand are called as	
	a. Change in quantity demanded,	
	b. Change in demand,	
	c. Elasticity of demand,	
	d. All of above.	
2.	Elasticity of demand are of the following types	
	a. Price elasticity,	
	b. Income elasticity,	
	c. Cross price elasticity,	
	d. All of these.	
3.	When a small fall in price leads to infinitely large purchases, demand is said to	
	be	
	a. Perfectly inelastic,	
	b. Elastic,	
	c. Perfectly elastic,	
	d. All of above.	
4.	When a change of price causes no change in the amount purchased demand is said to	
	be	
	a. Elastic,	
	b. Inelastic,	
	c. Perfectly elastic,	
	d. Perfectly inelastic.	
5.	For perfectly elastic demand, the demand curve is	
	a. Horizontal,	
	b. Vertical,	
	c. Flatter,	
	d. None of these.	
6	For perfectly inelastic demand, the demand curve is	

	a.	Steeper
	b.	Horizontal
	c.	Vertical
	d.	None of these
7.	The	e value of unitary elastic demand is
	a.	zero
	b.	infinity
	c.	less than one
	d.	one
8.	Pe	rcentage change in quantity demand due to percentage change in income of the
	coı	nsumer is called as
		a. Cross price elasticity of demand,
		b. Price elasticity of demand,
		c. Elasticity of demand,
		d. Income elasticity of demand
9	. Т	he value of income elasticity will be positive when the good is
	a.	Inferior,
	b.	Normal,
	c.	Luxury,
	d.	Habitual.
10	Foi	r inferior good the value of income elasticity will be
	a.	Positive,
	b.	Less than one,
	c.	Negative,
	d.	Greater than one.
11. When the value of income elasticity is greater than one then the good is		
	a.	Luxury,
	b.	Habitual,
	c.	Normal,
	d.	All of above.
12.	Fo	r necessary good the value of income elasticity will be
	a.	Zero,
	b.	One,
	c.	Greater than one,
	d.	Less than one.
13.	Pe	rcentage change in quantity demand of one good due to percentage change in price
	of	another good is called
	а	Cross price elasticity of demand,

b.	Price elasticity of demand,	
c.	Elasticity of demand,	
d.	Income elasticity of demand.	
l4. The	value of cross price elasticity will be positive when the two goods are	
a.	Substitute,	
b	. Complementary,	
c.	Luxury,	
d	. Habitual.	
15. For complementary goods the value of cross price elasticity will be		
a.	Positive,	
b	Less than one,	
c.	Negative,	

d. Greater than one.

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