

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION 27, BALLYGUNGE CIRCULAR ROAD, KOLKATA – 700 019
Class: <u>IV</u>

Class: <u>IV</u> 2nd Term

Social Study Worksheet -23 Date:17-11-20

Lesson: The Eastern States of India Topic: Odisha, Assam and Nagaland

A. Write in brief about the following states:

a) Odisha

Bhubaneswar is the capital of Odisha. The major rivers flowing through Odisha are Mahanadi, Baitarani, Brahmani and Subarnarekha. Summers are extremely hot in the plains, winters are cold. Nearly one-third of the state is covered with forests. The crops grown here are rice, millets, pulses, oilseeds and sugarcanes.

b) Assam

Bispur is the capital of Assam. The major rivers of Assam are Brahmaputra, the Burhi Dihang, the Dhansiri and the Barak. It has a warm and wet climate. Thick evergreen forests grow on the hill slopes due to heavy rainfall. An important tree in this forest is called Nahor. Rice is the most important cereal grown in the kharif season. Jute and Tea are major cash crops and Assam tea is famous all over India.

c) Nagaland

Nagaland is one of the smallest states of India. Kohima is the capital of Nagaland. Mount Saramati is the highest peak. The major rivers of the state are Dhansiri and Barak. Summers are short, lasting only for two months – March and April. Sugarcane is an important cash crop of the state.

B. Answer the following question:

a) What is terrace farming?

Terrace farming is the practice of cutting flat areas out of a hilly landscape in order to grow crops. The major benefit of this farming is conservation of soil and water. It reduces soil erosion. The terrace farming method has made cultivation of crops in mountainous or hilly regions possible. Aside from cultivation of rice, terraces are also used to grow potatoes and maize.

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