



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



WORKSHEET - 3

Class: 7

Sub: HISTORY

Date- 16/04/2020

TITLE: TURKISH INVASION OF INDIA

CHAPTER: 4

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION.

(1X15=15)

1. **When did the First Battle of Tarain take place?**
a. 1192 b. 1191 c. 1129 d. 1167
2. **Who was defeated in the First Battle of Tarain?**
a. Muhammad Ghori b. Prithviraj Chauhan c. Mahmud of Ghazni d. Chandbardai
3. **Tick the incorrect sentence.**
a. Prithviraj did not expel the Ghorids from Punjab.
b. Prithviraj thought Muhammad Ghori posed a great threat to his empire
c. Muhammad Ghori was decisively defeated in First Battle of Tarain
d. Both a & b
4. **Who defeated Prithviraj Chauhan in Second Battle of Tarain?**
a. Mahmud of Ghazni b. Muhammad bin Qasim c. Muhammad Ghori d. Raja Jaichandra
5. **When did the Second Battle of Tarain take place?**
a. 1192 b. 1191 c. 1129 d. 1119
6. **What happened after Prithviraj Chauhan was defeated in the Second Battle of Tarain?**
a. Muhammad Ghori took him as a Prisoner
b. He was blinded
c. All his territories were occupied
d. All of the above
7. **Raja Jaichandra was the most powerful Rajput ruler of**
a. Mathura b. Somnath c. Gujrat d. Kanauj
8. **Who was defeated in the Battle of Chandwar?**
a. Chandbardai b. Prithviraj Chauhan c. Jaipal d. Raja Jaichandra
9. **When did the Battle of Chandwar take place?**
a. 1194 b. 1192 c. 1191 d. 1030
10. **This became the power centre of the sultanate.**
a. Punjab b. Mewar c. Delhi d. Gujrat
11. **The Indian rulers did not object to the religious activities of Arabs.**
a. True b. Partly correct c. False d. Partly incorrect
12. **What is/are the possible reason(s) for the success of Turkish invasion in India?**
a. India lacked political unity
b. Indian rulers kept small armies
c. India was scientifically backward
d. All of them
13. **The contact between the Turks and the Indians gave birth to a**
a. New culture b. Strong culture c. Affluent culture d. Composite culture

14. Lahore and Multan emerged as new _____ as a result of Turkish invasion.

- a. Economic centres b. Community centres c. Trading centres d. All

15. What is/are the impact(s) of Turkish invasion?

- a. Paved way for the establishment of Delhi Sultanate
b. Rulers now maintained their own armies
c. Horses came to be used increasingly
d. All of them

SHABARI DAS