### ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



## WORKSHEET-64(CLASS-12)



SUBTOPIC - PART-1 SUBJECT - CHEMISTRY DURATION - 30 mins



F.M. - 15 DATE - 07.11.20

1. When 0.1 molCoCl <sub>3</sub> (NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> is combined with excess AgNO <sub>3</sub> , then 0.2 molAgCl is obtained. The conductivity of the solution suits the
,
<ul><li>a. 1:3 electrolyte</li><li>b. 1:1 electrolyte</li><li>c. 3:1 electrolyte</li><li>d. 1:2 electrolyte</li></ul>
2. A chelating agent has two or more than two donor atoms to bind to a single metal ion. Which of the following is not a chelating agent?
<ul><li>a. Thiosulphato</li><li>b. Oxalato</li><li>c. Glycinato</li><li>d. Ethane-1,2-diamine</li></ul>
3. IUPAC name of [Pt(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Cl(NO <sub>2</sub> )] is
<ul> <li>a. Platinum diamminechloronitrite</li> <li>b. Chloronitrito-N-ammineplatinum (II)</li> <li>c. Diamminechloridonitrito-N-platinum (II)</li> <li>d. Diamminechloronitrito-N-plantinate (II)</li> </ul>
4. In the complex $[E(en)_2(C_2O_4)]NO_2$ (where (en) is ethylenediamine)are the coordination number and the oxidation state of the element 'E' respectively.
<ul><li>a. 6 and 2</li><li>b. 2 and 2</li><li>c. 4 and 3</li><li>d. 6 and 3</li></ul>
5. The sum of coordination number and oxidation number of the metal M in the complex

a. 9

 $[M(en)_2(C_2O_4)]Cl$  (where (en) is ethylenediamine) is

- b. 6
- c. 7

d. 8

6. Some salts containing two differen	nt metallic elements g	give test for only	one of them in
solution, such salts are			

- a. double salts
- b. normal salts
- c. complex salts
- d. None of these

#### 7. An example of a sigma bonded organometallic compound is

- a. Grignard reagent
- b. Ferrocene
- c. Cobaltocene
- d. Ruthenocene

#### 8. Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)<sub>5</sub> is

- a. Tetranuclear
- b. Mononuclear
- c. Dinuclear
- d. Trinuclear

#### 9. The type of isomerism shown by the complex [CoCl<sub>2</sub>(en)<sub>2</sub>] is

- a. Geometrical isomerism
- b. Coordination isomerism
- c. Linkage isomerism
- d. Ionization isomerism

#### 10. Which of the following elements do not form a complex with EDTA?

- a. Ca
- b. Mg
- c. Be
- d. Sr

# 11. For the correct assignment of electronic configuration of a complex, the valence bond theory often requires the measurement of-

- a. Molar conductance b. Optical activity c. Magnetic moment d. Dipole moment
- **12.** A complex of certain metal has the magnetic moment of 4.91 BM whereas another complex of the same metal with same oxidation state has zero magnetic moment. The metal ion could be-

a. 
$$Co^{2+}$$
 b.  $Mn^{2+}$  c.  $Fe^{2+}$  d.  $Fe^{3+}$ 

- 13. The tetrahedral  $[Col_4]^{2-}$  and square planar  $[PdBr_4]^{2-}$  complex ions are respectively-
- a. Low spin, high spin b. High spin, low spin c. Both low spin d. Both high spin
- 14. On treatment of  $[Ni(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$  with concentrated HCI, two compounds I and II having the same formula,  $[NiCl_2(NH_3)_2]$  are obtained, I can be can be converted into II by boiling with dilute HCI. A solution of I reacts with oxalic acid to form  $[NI(C_2O_4)(NH)_2]$  whereas II does not react. Point the correct statement of the following-
- a. I cis, II trans; both tetrahedral b. I cis, II trans; both square planar
- c. I trans, II cis: both tetrahedrald.All of these
- 15. Which one of the following can show optical isomerism?
- a.  $CCl_4$  b.  $K_3$  [ $Cr(C_2O_4)_3$ ] c.  $K_3$ [Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>] d.None Of The Above

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