

St. Lawrence High School

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution



	Worksheet 14	
Sub: Economics	Class: XII	
Chapter 04: Theory of production		F.M.: 15
Topic: Concept of total product, average product		
and marginal product		Date: 18/05/2020

Multiple choice questions

- 1. When total amount of output produced by employing all the inputs then it is known
 - as _____.
 - a. Marginal product,
 - b. Average product,
 - c. Total product,
 - d. Production.
- Per unit of an input is known as ______.
 - a. Total product,
 - b. Average product,
 - c. Marginal product,
 - d. All of above.
- 3. Marginal means _____.
 - a. Zero unit,
 - b. One unit,
 - c. Two units,
 - d. One extra unit.
- 4. Change in total product due to change in one extra unit of labour employment is known as _____.
 - a. Change in production,
 - b. Change in labour,
 - c. Marginal product,
 - d. Average product.
- 5. The ratio of total product to the total input employed is known as______.
 - a. Average product,
 - b. Total product,
 - c. Marginal product,
 - d. Production function
- 6. For the first unit of labour employment, total product, average product and marginal product are _____.
 - a. Zero,

1x15 = 15

- b. Same,
- c. One,
- d. Fraction.
- 7. As the number of labour employment increases _____ reaches to its maximum very quickly.
 - a. Total product,
 - b. Average product,
 - c. Marginal product,
 - d. None of these.
- 8. Marginal product of labour comes by change in one unit of ______ employment.
 - a. Land,
 - b. Labour,
 - c. Capital,
 - d. Organization.
- 9. By employing all inputs in production process we get _____.
 - a. Total product.
 - b. Total output,
 - c. Both of a) and b)
 - d. Average product.

10. If we divide total product by labour employment then we get _____.

- a. Total output,
- b. Marginal product,
- c. Total production,
- d. Average product.
- 11. We get marginal product of an unit by ______ the total product of the previous unit from the total product of a present unit.
 - a. Adding,
 - b. Multiplying,
 - c. Subtracting,
 - d. dividing.
- 12. When total product increases, average product ______ at first.
 - a. Zero
 - b. Remains same,
 - c. Decreases,
 - d. Increases.
- 13. When total product decreases, marginal product goes to ______.
 - a. Positive,
 - b. Negative,
 - c. One,
 - d. zero.

14. When total product is maximum, marginal product is _____.

- a. Zero,
- b. Four,
- c. Two,
- d. Three.

15. As input employment increases, at first total product increases at an _____

rate.

- a. Increasing,
- b. Continuous,
- c. Same,
- d. Decreasing.

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