

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



Worksheet 3 Solutions

Sub: Geography Class:10 Date: 9-4-2020

Chapter 5: Physiography of India. Topic: Northern Plains

- 1. The length of the northern plains is i. 2000km ii. 2500km iii. 3000km iv. 3500km
- 2. Mahi river is found in i. Rajasthan ii. Punjab iii. Ganga iv. Indus plain.
- 3. Average altitude of Rajasthan plain is i. 100 ii. 150 iii. 200 iv. 350 metres
- 4. At the foothill region of Aravalli near Luni river valley, the plain is known as i. Rohi ii. Bagar iii. Dhrian iv. Dhand
- 5. Inland river of India is i. Banas ii. Mahi iii. Luni iv. Sabarmati
- 6. Thali is the desert located to the North of i. Mahi ii. Sabarmati iii. Luni iv. Banas
- 7. Dhand is a i. Range ii. Lake iii. Dune iv. Plain
- 8. Mobile sand dune in Rajasthan is known i. Seif ii. Parallel dune iii. Dhrian iv. Thali
- 9. The dry valley of Saraswati river is known as i. Thali ii. Dhand iii. Dhrian iv. Ghaggar.
- 10. The gravelly desert at the border of Marusthali is known as i. Ghaggar ii. Bet iii. Dhand iv. Hamada.
- 11. Bari doab is found between i. <u>ravi and beas</u> ii. Beas and Sutlej iii. Ravi and Sutlej iv. Sutlej and Chenab rivers
- 12. The eroded area of the northern part of Punjab plain is known as i. Dhaya ii. Thali iii. <u>Khosh</u> iv. Dhrian
- 13. The area formed by new alluvium near the river bank in Punjab is known i. Dhand ii. Khosh iii. Bet iv. Bagar
- 14. Rohi is found in i. Rajasthan ii. Gujarat iii. Punjab iv. Madhya Pradesh
- 15. "Land of dead" is the other name of i. Dhrian ii. Hamada iii. Marusthali iv. Ghaggar

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