## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

## A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

CLASS 8
Work sheet 19
Theorem 6 and 7

## Answer all the following questions( $\mathbf{1 \times 1 5 = 1 5 \text { ) } ) ~ ( 1 )}$

1. 2. The sum of the angles of a parallelogram is $\qquad$
A. 90
B. 180
C. 360
1. If one pair of opposite sides of a quadrilateral are parallel then it is called a ———
A. Parallelogram
B. Square
C. Trapezium
2. If both pairs of opposite sides of quadrilateral are parallel then it is called a
———
A. Parallelogram
B. Square
C. Trapezium
3. A diagonal of a parallelogram divides it into two ——— triangles.
A. Similar
B. Congruent
C. Equal
4. In a parallelogram, if one of its angles as a right angle is a -- -
A. Rectangle
B. Rhombus
C. Kite
5. Which of the following statement is false?
A. A parallelogram is a trapezium
B. A square is a rectangle
C. A trapezium is a parallelogram
6. The parallelogram with all sides are equal is called —————-
A. Rhombus
B. Kite
C. Trapezium
7. The consecutive angles of a parallelogram are -——-
A. Complementary
B. Supplementary
C. Equal
8. If diagonals AC and BD intersect at 0 , then AO and $O C$ is ——— of $A C$
A. One third
B. Half
C. Quarter
9. The two diagonals are equal in a --———
A. Rectangle
B. Parallelogram
C. Trapezium
10. If the angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 3:5:9: 13 , then the four angles are
A. $36,60,108,156$
B. $40,60,120,140$
C. $60,120,60,120$
11. Which of the following is false about a parallelogram?
A. Opposite sides are equal
B. Diagonals bisect each other
C. All the four angles are equal.
12. Two adjacent angles in a parallelogram are in the ratio $1: 2$, and then the other two angles are
A. 40,140
B. 60,120
C. 80,100
13. If $\mathrm{AB}=3 \mathrm{~cm}$, in parallelogram ABCD , then CD is -———
A. 3
B. 1.5
C. 6
14. A quadrilateral is a ———— if it's opposite sides are equal.
A. Kite
B. Trapezium
C. Parallelogram
