



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



SECOND TERM WORKSHEET NO. - 1

Class: 12 D

Sub: SOCIOLOGY

Date- 07/11/2020

TOPIC: CONTEMPORARY SOCIAL ISSUES

CHAPTER: 4

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION

(1x15=15)

1. Which of the following programme was launched in the year of 2000?
 - a. National Rural Employment Guarantee Act.
 - b. Prime Minister Rozgar Yojana
 - c. Swarna Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana
 - d. Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yojana.
2. Who is considered as poor?
 - a. Landlords
 - b. Landless labourer
 - c. A rich farmer
 - d. Businessman
3. Which of the following is an indicator of poverty in India?
 - a. Income level
 - b. Illiteracy level
 - c. Employment level
 - d. All of these
4. Which of the following is a major reason for the lack of effectiveness of targeted anti-poverty programmes?
 - a. Lack of proper implementation
 - b. Lack of right targeting
 - c. Overlapping of schemes
 - d. All of the above
5. For how many days NREGA provides employment?
 - a. 70
 - b. 80
 - c. 90
 - d. 100
6. Which of the following is not a valid reason for the poverty alleviation programme in India?
 - a. Lack of proper implementation
 - b. Lack of right targeting
 - c. Overlapping of schemes
 - d. Corruption at the highest level
7. Which of the following is not considered as a social indicator of poverty?
 - a. Less number of means of transport
 - b. Illiteracy level
 - c. Lack of access to health care
 - d. Lack of job opportunities
8. The percentage of persons below the poverty line in 2011-12 has been estimated as _____ for the country as a whole.
 - a. 28.5%
 - b. 29.5%
 - c. 23.4%
 - d. 22%
9. Absolute poverty is often known as
 - a. Sustainable poverty
 - b. Acute poverty
 - c. Subsistence poverty
 - d. None
10. When a person does not have the minimum amount of income needed to meet the minimum requirement for one or more basic living needs over an extended period of time is called
 - a. Absolute poverty
 - b. Relative poverty
 - c. Both
 - d. None
11. What percent of Indian population lives in villages?
 - a. 121.1 crore
 - b. 72.2%
 - c. 27.8%
 - d. None
12. India represents almost _____ percent of the world's population
 - a. 65%
 - b. 50%
 - c. 17.31%
 - d. 17.13%
13. Which of the following is/are the cause of population explosion in India?
 - a. Excess birth over death
 - b. Lack of conscious family planning
 - c. Better transport facilities
 - d. All

- 14. What are the remedies suggested by government to control over population in India?**
- a. Family planning programme
 - b. Uniform distribution of population
 - c. Formation of population policy committee
 - d. All
- 15. _____ is an economic benchmark and poverty threshold used by the government of India to indicate economic disadvantage and to identify individuals and households in need of government aid.**
- a. Multidimensional Poverty Index
 - b. Below Poverty Line
 - c. Both
 - d. None

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