

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

Sub: Life Science Class: X Date: 18.04.2020

CHAPTER: CONTROL & COORDINATION IN LIVING ORGANISMS TOPIC: GANGLIA & SYNAPSE WORKSHEET SOLUTION11

Choose the correct option:

(1X15=15)

- 1. Ganglia contains cell bodies of
- d. a,b&c
- 2. Ganglia is supported by
- b. Connective tissue
- 3. Collection of cell bodies of neurons in the central nervous system is called
- c.Nuclei
- 4. The space between a neuron and a target cell surface is called
- c.Synaptic cleft
- 5. The small gap between two neurons is called
- c.Synaptic cleft
- 6. The most common inhibitory neurotransmitter in brain?
- b.GABA
- 7. Where does Acetylcholine bind?

b.post synaptic membrane

- 8. The enzyme that breaks the Acetylcholine molecules called
- c.Acetylcholine esterase
- 9. The Neurotransmitters from the Presynaptic membrane is released into
- c. Synaptic cleft
- 10. The pre-synaptic ending of neuron doesn't contain
- c. receptors
- 11. Organelle like mitochondria are present
- c. pre-synaptic end
- 12. Ganglia is related to
- c.Both a and b
- 13. Ganglia acts as
- c.Both a & b
- 14. How many types of structural synapse is there?
- c.three
- 15. Which of the following is not an inhibitory neurotransmitter
- c.Histamine