

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

Sub: Biological Sciences Class: XIDate: 8.08.2020

FOR GOD AND COUNTRY



<u>Animal Kingdom: Chordata (Part-I)</u>			F.M:15
	WORKSHEET	<u>- 30</u>	(1x15=15)
i) Which of the following is not an identifying feature of chordates?			
(1) Notochord	(2)Dorsal nerve chor	d (3) Pharyngea	l gill slits
(4) True coelom			
ii) Which of the following does not have an exoskeleton?			
(1) Cockroach	(2) Butterfly	(3) Balanoglossus	(4) Prawn
iii) The dorsal nerve cord is sol	id in		
(1) Hemichordata	(2) Urochordata	(3) Cephalochordata	(4) Vertebrata
iv) Which of the following is absent in Hemichordata?			
(1) Pharyngeal gill slits	(2) Nerve cord	(3) stomochord	(4) Post -anal tail
v) Notochord is absent in-			
(1) Branchiostoma	(2) Asymmetron	(3)Saccoglossus	(4) All of
these			
vi) Retrogressive metamorphosis is observed in			
(1) Urochordata	(2)Hemichordata	(3)Cephalochordata	(4) Vertebrata
vii) In which of the following organisms does the adult body lack notochord?			
(1) Doliolum	(2) Branchiostoma	(3) Asymmetron	(4)Petromyzon
viii)Which of the following structure is found in cephalochordates?			
(1) Cilia	(2) Tentacles	(3)Flagella	(4) Pili
ix) In Cephalochordata excretion occurs by			
(1) Kidney	(2)Protonephridia	(3)Nephridia	(4)None of these
x) Which of the following has a fish-like structure?			
(1) Branchiostoma	(2)Asymmetron	(3) Both (1) and (2)	(4) None of these
xi) Brain is a swelling of			
(1) Nerve cord	(2) Notochord	(3) Appendages	(4) Vertebral
column			
xii) The excretory organ in vertebrates is			
(1) Kidney	(2) Protonephridia	(3)Nephridia	(4) Green glands
xiii) Which of the following has a cranium?			
(1) Hemichordata	(2)Cephalochordata	(3) Urochordata	(4)Vertebrata
xiv)The number of cranial nerves present in vertebarates is			pairs
(1) 2-4	(2) 4-8	(3) 8-10	(4) 10-12
xv) In hemichordates, the body is divisible into			
(1) Proboscis	(2) Collar	(3) Trunk	(4) All of these
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Manjaree Guha