



## **ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL**

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION Subject- Physical science <u>Workshee-</u>12 Class – 7 Date -22.04.2020 Chapter- Energy

Q Answer the following questions (MCQ) :

(1×15):

• 1.

Which among the following is most energy efficient?

- A. Incandescent bulb
- B.
  Fluorescent tube light
- C.
  Compact fluorescent lamp
- D. All are equally efficient
- 2.

In India and elsewhere, biomass can be obtained from

- A. Groundnut shells
- B.
  Sugarcane bagasse
- C.
  Rice husk
- D.
  All of the above
- 3.

Solar cells are simple photovoltaic devices that convert solar energy directly into electricity and are manufactured from the second-most abundant element in the earth's crust. Name it.

A.
 Bauxite

- B.Silicon
- C.
  Calcium
- D.
  Magnesium
- 4.

Biogas is a methane-rich gas formed by fermentation of animal dung, human sewage and crop residue. The advantage(s) of biogas is/are:

A.
 A clean and smokeless fuel

B.
 Slurry left behind is used as fish feed

C.
 High potential in rural India

- D.
  All of the above
- 5.

In rural areas, this gas can be generated and used for cooking and lighting.

- A.
  Biogas
- B.Oxygen
- o C. Ammonia

D.
 None of these

• 6.

Large amounts of solar energy is stored in the oceans and seas. The process of harnessing this energy is called

• A.

OTEC (ocean thermal energy conversion)

• **B**.

OTC (ocean thermal conversion)

• C.

OSTEC (ocean and sea thermal energy conversion)

D.
 OTEC(Ocean technology of energy conversion)

• 7.

A much cheaper and lighter fuel extracted from crude oil is used to adulterate petrol in the ratio 3:1 (adulterant : petrol). It causes damage to the vehicle engine, besides leading to high emission levels. Name this common adulterant of petrol that most easily escapes detection.

• A. Diesel

B.Kerosene

C.Naphtha

D.
 Mobile oil

• 8.

Some people object to wind turbines because:

A.
 They do not like windmills

B.
 They get in the way of photographs

• **C**.

Wind farms are not real farms

D.
 They are often built in areas of natural beauty

• 9.

Natural gas is transported mainly by

• A. Pipelines

o B. Trucks

• C. Auto rickshaw

D.
 All three equally

• 10.

How much of the energy in burning coal reaches the consumer as electricity

- A.1/3 (one-third)
- B.1/2 (one-half)
- C. 3/4 (three-quarters)
- D.9/10 (nine-tenths)
- 11.

Plastic was once hailed as the wonder material but is now becoming a serious environmental and health problem due to its non-biodegradable nature. Burning of plastics, especially PVC, releases the following harmful gas into the atmosphere.

• A.

Dioxins

- o B. Le
- C.
- o D. Pl

• 12.

The state's and citizens' responsibilities for environmental protection is enshrined in the Constitution of India in the following two articles:

- A.
  38G and 58A
- B.
  55B and 51D
- C.
  48A and 51G
- D.
  59B and 12D
- 13.

A device is fitted to motor vehicles to chemically reduce some gases produced by internal combustion engines like NOx, CO, and HC into less harmful products. Name this device.

- A.
  Catalytic converter
- B.2-stroke engines
- C.
  Carburetor
- D.Tail pipe
- 14.

The nodal agency for coordinating the energy conservation activities under EC act in India is

- A.
  Bureau of Indian standards
- B.
  Bureau of Energy Efficiency
- C.
  Bureau of Energy Education
- o D.
  - Bureau of Energy and Environment
- 15.

.....of power consumed by Incandescent Bulbs gets wasted in the form of heat

- A. 60%
- 。 B. 75%
- C. 85%
- 。 D. 50%