ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION 27, Ballygunge Circular Rd, Kolkata- 700019

Term: Second

Class: 4

Lesson: Air, Water and Weather

ANSWER WORKSHEET - 13

1. Fill in the blanks:-

Sub: Science

- a) The changing of water vapour into water is called <u>condensation</u>.
- b) Tiny drops of water falling on the earth is called rain.
- c) Rain is one of the major sources of water.
- d) Evaporation is *faster* in open ponds than in cool, deep wells.
- e) The amount of water vapour in the air is called humidity.
- f) The changing of water into water vapour is called evaporation.

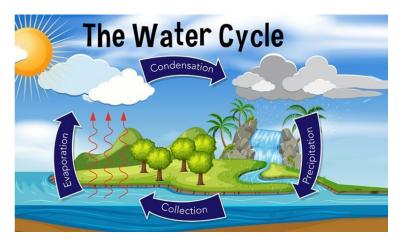
. 2. Match the column:-

a) The surface of water	(c)	the greater is the evaporation.
b) The heat of the Sun	(d)	deeper lakes with small exposed surface.
c) The hotter the day	(f)	than the water in a well.
d) Evaporation is slower in smaller	(e)	it becomes water again.
e) When water vapour cools	(a)	is exposed to the atmosphere and air.
f) Water in a pond evaporates faster	(b)	evaporates water.

3. Name the following:-

- a) The amount of water vapour present in the air: Humidity
- b) On a cold morning, we can see this on grass: Dew drops
- c) The water vapour condenses and falls to the ground in the form of tiny droplets of water: Rain
- d) In winter water vapour condenses on the dust particles close to the ground and forms: Fog
- e) In very cold places, water droplets freeze and form: Snow
- f) On very cold nights, water vapour freezes on the cold objects into ice crystals called: Frost
- g) It is one of the major sources of water: Rain

4. Draw, colour and label the diagram 'Water Cycle'







Date: 18.05.20