



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



FIRST TERM WORKSHEET NO. - 17

Class: 11

Sub: SOCIOLOGY

Date- 03/07/2020

TOPIC: OBSERVATION METHOD OF DATA COLLECTION

CHAPTER: 1

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION

(1x15=15)

1. **Observation methods cannot be used easily in**
 - a. Studies involving individuals
 - b. Child studies
 - c. Studies about attitudes
 - d. Studies involving groups
2. **Participant observation is**
 - a. Unethical
 - b. Impossible
 - c. Used only by sociologists
 - d. None of these
3. **Which of these isn't true?**
 - a. Observation is cheap
 - b. Observation is expensive
 - c. Observation is time consuming
 - d. Observation replaces interviewing
4. **Which of these would make an observation unethical?**
 - a. Not getting consent from those being observed
 - b. Putting the observers at risk of harm
 - c. Conducting it late at night
 - d. Videotaping
5. **Observations are**
 - a. Used only in developmental studies
 - b. Used only in social studies
 - c. Non-experimental
 - d. Used in a wide range of psychological studies
6. **Which one of these is normally associated with observation?**
 - a. Problematic people
 - b. Problem solving
 - c. Problem identification
 - d. Problem causation
7. **An observation form must not**
 - a. Record irrelevant details
 - b. Be self explanatory
 - c. Cover the objectives
 - d. Be easy to use
8. **One disadvantage of observation is its**
 - a. Objective
 - b. Subjective
 - c. Likely to be both valid and reliable
 - d. Not affected by memory problems
9. **One advantage of observation is**
 - a. It can be subjective
 - b. It takes a great deal of time to do
 - c. It should be accurate
 - d. That data must be interpreted
10. **Observation is a form of**
 - a. Primary research
 - b. Qualitative research
 - c. Quantitative research
 - d. All of the above
11. **When the participants are aware that they are being observed, such type of observation is known as**
 - a. Overt observation
 - b. Participant observation
 - c. Covert observation
 - d. Direct observation
12. **When observation is conducted in participant's own environment, is known as**
 - a. Naturalistic observation
 - b. Controlled observation
 - c. Participant observation
 - d. Non participant observation
13. **When the observer follows explicit rules for observing a particular phenomenon and records every phenomenon observed is known as**
 - a. Unstructured observation
 - b. Unsystematic observation
 - c. Systematic observation
 - d. None
14. **When the observation of behavioral pattern is conducted in its natural setting, it is known as**
 - a. Naturalistic observation
 - b. Controlled observation
 - c. Uncontrolled observation
 - d. None
15. **Unsystematic and unplanned observation is known as**
 - a. Naïve observation
 - b. Scientific observation
 - c. Structured observation
 - d. Direct observation

