

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution

WORKSHEET - 5

<u>Topic – Introduction to Computer Networking</u>

Subject: COMPUTER SCIENCE	Class - 12	F.M:15
Chanter: Computer Networking		Date: 07/05/2020

Choose the correct answer for each question:

15x1=15

- 1. _____ are the set of rules that govern data communication.
 - a) Protocols
 - b) Standards
 - c) RFCs
 - d) Servers
- 2. Baud rate is:
 - a. Number of signal changes per second
 - b. Number of bits per second
 - c. Number of bytes per second
 - d. Number of ASCII characters per second
- 3. On which factor/s do/does the channel capacity depend/s in the communication system?
 - a. Bandwidth
 - b. Signal to Noise Ratio
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of the above
- 4. The protocol that handles file transfer:
 - a. TCP
 - b. SMTP
 - c. FTP
 - d. All of these
- 5. Full form of SNR:
 - a. Signal Noise Radar
 - b. Signal to Noise Ratio
 - c. Signal Noise Raised
 - d. None of these
- 6. In cyclic redundancy checking, what is the CRC?
 - a. The divisor
 - b. The dividend
 - c. The quotient
 - d. The remainder

7. The SN	NR(signal to noise ratio) is expressed in:
a.	Decibels
b.	Hertz
C.	Bps
d.	None of these
8.In Shani	non's Equation :C = W log2 (1+S/N), C refers to
	Channel Capacity
	Channel bandwidth
	Channel noise
	None of these
u.	Note of these
9.In realit	y, the channel is:
a.	Noiseless
b.	Noisy
c.	Both (a) and (b)
d.	None of these
10. Which	one of the following is not an error handling method?
	CRC
	Checksum
	Parity check
	None of these
a.	
11. The ca	apacity relationship is given by
a) C =	$W \log_2(1+S/N)$
b) C =	2W log ₂ (1+S/N)
c) C = '	W log ₂ (1-S/N)
d) C =	W log ₁₀ (1+S/N)
12. In Sha	nnon's Equation :C = W log2 (1+S/N), S/N refers to
	Power of noise/ power of signal
	Power of signal / power of noise
	Noise in Signal
	None of these
13	is designed to send and distribute outgoing E-Mail.
	TCP
	HTTP
	SMTP
	All of these
u.	All of these
14	is added to the block if it contains odd number of 1's in parity check.
	One
	Zero
	Two
d.	Three

a. b. c.	based on : Binary addition Binary subtraction Binary division Binary multiplication	Dhalauni Dramanik
		Phalguni Pramanik