## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution
ANSWER SHEET - 13
CLASS -VI

1. A protractor has $\qquad$ scales of measurements.
a) 2 b) 3
c) 1
d) 4
2.Angles from $\qquad$ are marked on both the scales on the protractor.
a) $1^{\circ}-100^{\circ}$
b) $0^{\circ}-100^{\circ}$
c) $0^{\circ}-180^{\circ}$
d) none of these.
2. The two scales of protractor are called inner scale and the $\qquad$ scale.
a)Inside
b) outer
c) inward
d) none of these.
3. One scale of the protractor is read $\qquad$ and the other is read anticlockwise.
a) clockwise
b) beside
c) downward
d) none of these.
5.Angles are measured in
a) Km
b) lit
c) gram
d) degrees.
6.An angle measuring less than $90^{\circ}$ is called $\qquad$ angle.
a)acute
b) obtuse
c) right
d) none of these .
7.An angle measuring exactly $90^{\circ}$ is called $\qquad$ angle.
a)acute
b) obtuse
c) right
d) none of these .
8.An angle measuring greater than $90^{\circ}$ but less than $180^{\circ}$ is called $\qquad$ angle.
a)acute
b) obtuse
c) right
d) none of these .
9.An angle measuring exactly $180^{\circ}$ is called $\qquad$ angle.
a)straight
b) obtuse
c) right
d) none of these .
10.An angle measuring greater than $180^{\circ}$ but less than $360^{\circ}$ is called $\qquad$ angle.
a)acute
b) straight
c) reflex
d) none of these .
11.An angle measuring exactly $360^{\circ}$ is called $\qquad$ angle.
a) complete
b) obtuse
c) right
d) none of these .
4. $\qquad$ angle looks like a straight line.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { a) acute } & \text { b) obtuse } & \text { c) straight } & \text { d) none of these. }\end{array}$
$13.90^{\circ}$ is also called as $\qquad$ angle.
a)Complete angle b) right angle c) acute angle d) obtuse angle.
14.The measurement of a complete angle is
a) $36^{\circ}$
b) $180^{\circ}$
c) $360^{\circ}$
d) $100^{\circ}$.
5. Vertical pillar on a horizontal ground is an example of $\qquad$ angle.
a) acute
b) right
c) obtuse
d) complete.

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