



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



FIRST TERM ANSWER SHEET NO. - 2

Class: 11

Sub: SOCIOLOGY

Date- 16/06/2020

TOPIC: FUNCTIONALISM

CHAPTER: 1

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION

(1x15=15)

1. The sociological framework that analyses societies as a sum of its parts is known as what?
b. Structural functionalism
2. Who developed the theory of structural functionalism in the 19th century?
a. Emile Durkheim
3. Functionalism is a sociological theory that explains social life using a _____ approach.
c. Macro analysis
4. Functionalism is a sociological theory that views society as
d. Stable
5. When a society's parts work together to maintain stability, functionalists refer to this as
a. Equilibrium
6. Schools pass on generational knowledge, hospitals treat the ill, and religion provides comfort. What is it called when a social institution serves a purpose for society?
d. Function
7. Sociologists refer to parts of society that do not make positive contributions to the stability of society as
a. Dysfunctional
8. Functionalism is a sociological theory that views social change as
b. Gradual
9. The functionalist views the society as a/an
b. Organism
10. Three major concepts of functionalism are
a. Development
11. Which theoretical perspective in sociology emphasizes the inter-dependence of component parts of society?
d. Structural functionalism
12. Theories must be
c. Testable
13. Who defined theoretical perspectives as "Logically interconnected concepts"?
c. Pullinger
14. The oldest and main theory of sociology is
b. Functionalism
15. Who among the following stressed upon the interdependence of different parts of society?
d. Emile Durkheim

Shabari Das

