

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

Sub: Physical Science

Duration: 40 min

Class: 8 Worksheet Solution 25 Date: 11.05.20 Full Marks: 15

ELEMENTS COMPOUNDS AND MIXTURES/SEPARATION OF MIXTURES

Choose the Correct options:

- 1. A change that occurs without changing the chemical makeup is a
 - a. Chemical Change
 - b. Colour change
 - c. Physical Change
 - d. Substance Change
- 2. A solution that contains a large amount of solute is best described as
 - a. unsaturated
 - b. concentrated
 - c. dilute
 - d. weak
- 3. An element can be broken down into simpler substances by...
 - a. physical means
 - b. chemical means
 - c. Both chemical and physical means
 - d. elements can't be broken down
- 4. Which of these is NOT a pure substance?
 - a. elements
 - b. compounds
 - c. mixtures
 - d. they are all pure substances
- 5. Which one of the following is NOT an example of a separation technique?
 - a. boiling an egg
 - b. fishing net
 - c. surgical mask
 - d. tea strainer
- 6. Which technique is shown the diagram below



- a. seiving
- b. filtration
- c. decanting
- d. crystallization
- 7. Sand and gravel may be separated from each other through using
 - a. a filter funnel
 - b. Liebig condenser
 - c. an evaporating basin
 - d. sieve
- 8. Which one of the following would you use to separate sand from iron filings?
 - a. a bar magnet
 - b. filter paper
 - c. distillation apparatus
 - d. chromatography paper

- 9. Dyes in water soluble markers may be separated by means of
 - a. Distillation
 - b. Liquid-Liquid Extraction
 - c. Chromatography
 - d. Centrifuge

10. Which one of the following methods would NOT be used to separate an insoluble solid and a liquid?

- a. evaporation
- b. decanting
- c. distillation
- d. chromatography

11 The separation technique that involves heating a solution until the liquid changes into a gaseous state, leaving behind a solid is known as

- a. evaporation
- b. crystallization
- c. centrifuge
- d. chromatography

12. In the process of evaporation, which one of the following pieces of laboratory apparatus would NOT be used?

- a. evaporating basin
- b. filter funnel
- c. bunsen burner
- d. Wire gauze

13. The diagram shows the apparatus for separating soil and water. What are the labelled parts?



- a. A = distillate, B = filtrate
- b. A = filtrate, B = residue
- c. A = residue, B = filtrate
- d. A = residue, B = distillate
- 14. Which one of the following techniques would best be used to separate soil and water?
 - a. distillation
 - b. decanting
 - c. filtration
 - d. evaporation
- 15. Which one of the following is a disadvantage of evaporation?
 - a. It always requires heat
 - b. It cannot be used for insoluble solids
 - c. All of the solute is recovered
 - d. The solvent is not recovered