

## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

## A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION



## **SOLUTION TO WORK SHEET 14**

Subject: PHYSICS

| CLASS: XII  | 12.6.2 |
|-------------|--------|
| CLASS · XII | 12.0.2 |

Topic: Drift velocity, mobility, I=neAv<sub>d</sub>, ohm's law Chapter: Current Electricity from drift velocity, vector form of ohm's law

## **Multiple Choice Question:**

- In a metallic conductor, the number of free electrons per unit volume is n and the drift velocity of those electrons is  $v_d$ . Then
  - a)  $v_d \propto n$
- b)  $v_d \propto \frac{1}{n}$  c)  $v_d \propto n^2$
- d)  $v_d \propto \frac{1}{n^2}$

Ans: (b)  $v_d \propto \frac{1}{n}$ 

- 2. When a current of 1 A flows through a copper wire of cross sectional area 1 mm<sup>2</sup>, the drift velocity of free electrons becomes v. What will be the drift velocity of free electrons when the same current flows through a copper wire of cross sectional area 2 mm<sup>2</sup>?
  - (a)  $\frac{v}{2}$

(b) v

(c) 2v

(d) 4v

Ans. : (a)  $\frac{v}{2}$ 

- 3. Two copper wires have a ratio of 1:4 between their diameters. If the same current passes through both of them, the drift volocity of the electrons will be in the ratio of
  - (a) 16:1

- (b) 4:1
- (c) 1:4
- (d) 1:16

Ans.: (a) 16:1

- 4. Unit of electron mobility is
  - (a)  $m^2$  volt<sup>-1</sup> S<sup>-1</sup>
- (b)  $m^2$ .volt.S (c)  $m^{-2}$ . volt.S (d)  $m^2$  volt<sup>-1</sup> S

Ans. : (a)  $m^2$  volt<sup>-1</sup> S<sup>-1</sup>

- 5. The electric field in a copper wire of area of cross section 2 mm<sup>2</sup> carrying 2A current is: (given resistivity of copper 1.7 x  $10^{-8} \Omega$  m).
  - (a)  $8.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$
- (b)  $8.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$  (c)  $8.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$  (d)  $8.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$

Ans.: (a)  $8.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$ 

- 6. Let drift velocity in a conductor be 10<sup>-4</sup> m/s under an electric field of 50 Vm<sup>-1</sup>. The electron mobility is
  - (a)  $0.2 \times 10^{-5} m^2 \text{ volt}^{-1} \cdot \text{S}^{-1}$
- (b) 20 x  $10^{-5}$   $m^2$ .volt<sup>-1</sup> .  $S^{-1}$
- (c)  $200 \times 10^{-5} m^2$ .volt . S
- (d)  $0.5 \times 10^{-6} m^2$ .volt . S

Ans.: (a)  $0.2 \times 10^{-5} m^2$ .volt<sup>-1</sup>. S<sup>-1</sup>

- 7. What is the relationship between electric field intensity E, current density J and specific resistance  $\rho$ ?
  - (a)  $J = \frac{1}{a}E$
- (b)  $J = \rho E$  (c)  $E = \frac{\rho}{I}$  (d)  $\rho = JE$

Ans.: (a)  $J = \frac{1}{\rho} E$ 

| 8.  | A beam of electrons moving at a speed of $10^6$ m/s along a line produces a current of $1.6 \times 10^{-6}$ A. The number of electrons in the $1$ metre of the beam is   |   |                             |   |                            |  |  |
|-----|--|---|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|
|     | (a) $10^6$   | (b) $10^7$  | (c) $10^{13}$               | (d) $10^{15}$                             | Ans. : (b) $10^7$          |  |  |
| 9.  | A potential difference V doubled if —  | exists between the  | e ends of a metal v         | vire of length l. Th                      | e drift velocity will be   |  |  |
|     | (a) V is doubled   |   | (b) $l$ is                  | doubled                                   |                            |  |  |
|     | (c) the diameter of the v<br>Ans.: (a) V is doubled  | vire is doubled   | (d) the                     | temperature of the                        | wire is doubled            |  |  |
| 10. | A wire has a non-uniform Which one of the follow  (a) the drift speed of e  (b) the drift speed incre  (c) the drift speed decre  (d) the drift speed vari   | ing statement is constant<br>lectron is constant<br>eases on moving freases on moving freases | orrent rom $A$ to $B$ .     | igure. A steady curr                      | rent $i$ flows through it. |  |  |
|     | Ans. : (c) the drift spee  | •   | ving from A to B            |   | _                          |  |  |
| 11. | In a wire of circular cross-section with radius $r$ , free electrons travel with a drift velocity $v$ , when current $i$ flows through the wire. What is the current in another wire of half the radius and of the sa material when the drift velocity is $2v$ |   |                             |   |                            |  |  |
|     | (a) 2 <i>i</i>   | (b) <i>i</i>  | (c) $i/2$                   | (d) 1/4                                   | Ans.: (c) $i/2$            |  |  |
| 12. | A potential difference of doubling only d, drift ve  |   |                             | -   | 1 and diameter d. On       |  |  |
|     | <ul><li>(a) becomes two times</li><li>(c) becomes four times</li></ul>   |   | ` ′                         | omes half omes one fourth                 |                            |  |  |
|     | Ans.: (c) becomes four   | times   | (d) bee                     | ones one routin                           |                            |  |  |
| 13. | A current flows in a wire of circular cross-section with the free electrons travelling with a mean drift velocity v. If an equal current flows in a wire of twice the radius new mean drift velocity is  |   |                             |   |                            |  |  |
|     | (a) v  | (b) $\frac{v}{2}$   | (c) $\frac{v}{4}$           | (d)                                       | none of these.             |  |  |
|     | Ans. : (c) $\frac{v}{4}$   |   |                             |   |                            |  |  |
| 14. | Vector form of ohm's law is  |   |                             |   |                            |  |  |
|     | (a) $\vec{j} = \sigma \cdot \vec{E}$   | (b) $\vec{j} = \frac{\sigma}{\vec{E}}$  | (c) σ =                     | $\vec{j}.\vec{E}$ (d)                     | V = I.R                    |  |  |
|     | Ans.: (a) $\vec{j} = \sigma \cdot \vec{E}$   |   | 3                           |   |                            |  |  |
| 15. | In a metallic conductor –  (a) velocity of electric (b) drift velocity is greater.   | current is much grater than velocity of   | of electric current         | ·   | ectrons                    |  |  |
|     | (c) both the velocities at Ans.: (a) velocity of e   | •   | (d)<br>nuch greater than th | none of the above<br>ne drift velocity of | free electrons             |  |  |