

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



Class: XII

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

WORKSHEET-7

SUBJECT - STATISTICS

Term: 1st

Topic - Random variable and Expectation

Fu	ll M	larks: 15			Date:15.05.2020		
Q1.		Select the correct alternative of the following questions.					
	i)	The values of a	ı random variable	e are always posi	tive real numbers.		
	a) p	positive real numbers.			tive real numbers.		
	c) z	zero		d) none	of these		
	ii)	Expectation of	etation of a negative random variable is				
	a)	positive	b) negative	c)zero	d)) none of these		
		Standard devia positive.	tion of a negative	e random variabl c) zero	e is d)) none of these		
	iv)	•	-	,	value of the random variable must be d)) none of these		
		If all values of that value.	a random variab	le are equal, ther c) zero	the variance will also be equal to d)) none of these		
		All odd-ordere Positively skev		ts are zero for a atively skewed	distribution which is c)symmetric d) none of these		
		Expectation of Integer		m variable assum c) rational num	ning integral values must be ber d) none of these		
	viii	i) For a rando	ral moment is always				
	a)	0	b) -1	c) 1	d) none of these		
ix) For a symmetrically distributed random variable X, $P(X \leq mode) * P(X \geq mode)$							
		+	b) =	c) ≠	d) none of these		

	probability, the expectation of the random variable is								
a)	n	b) n+1	c) $\frac{n+1}{2}$	d) none of these					
xi)	xi) If X and Y be two independent random variables with variances are 9 and 16 respectively,								
	then, $V(X-Y)$ is								
a)	0	b) 5	c) 4	d) none of these					
xii) If $V(X) = 4$, then $V(3 - 5X)$ is									
a)	100	b) 125	c) 0	d) none of these					
xiii) A random variable X has two values 0 and 1, with $P(x=1) = \frac{1}{3}$, then $E(X)$ is									
a)	$\frac{1}{3}$	b) $\frac{2}{3}$	c) 1	d) none of these					
	Ü	Ü							
xiv) The variance of a standard random variable is									
a)	0	b)1	c) 2	d)none of these					
xv) The mean of a standard random variable is									
a)	0	b)1	c) 2	d)none of these					

- Prepared by

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x) If the observations of a random variable X be the first n natural numbers with same