## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

## WORKSHEET-<u>49(CLASS-12)</u> TOPIC- ALDEHYDE AND KETONE

## SUBTOPIC-PREPARATION AND CHEMICAL REACTIONS

SUBJECT – CHEMISTRY DURATION – 30 mins



F.M. - 15 DATE -08.08.20

- 1.1 Which of following factors affect the reaction between ammonia derivative and aldehyde/ketone?
- a) pH b) Temperature c) pressure d) catalyst
- 1.2 Which of the following compound gives cannizaro reaction?
- a) Acetaldehyde b) Acetone c) Cholral d) Formaldehyde
- 1.3 Which of the following is an production in the reaction of acetaldehyde with dilute NaOH?
- a) Carbanionb) Enold) Enolated) Aldol
- 1.4 Compound which doesn't give stereoisomers on treatment with hydroxylamine is-
- a) Benzaldehyde b) Acetophenonec) Benzophenone d) 2-Butanone
- 1.5 Hydrazene reacts with aldehyde or ketone to form-
- a) Imineb) Hydrazonec) Amided) Oxime
- 1.6Reaction of ethanoic anhydride with limited supply of C2H5MgI, in presence of dry ether followed by hydrolysis gives-
- a) Acetoneb) an alcohol c) Acetaldehyde d) Alkanyl halide
- 1.7 Aldehyde can be chemical distinguished from ketone by-
- a) Tollens reagent b) Sodium bisulphite addition c) Brady's reagent d) All of these
- 1.8 Secondary alcohol on treatment with Copper at 573Kforms-
- a) Carboxylic acidb) Ketone c) Alkene d) alkyne
- 1.9 Ba(OH)2 is used for Aldol condensation of-
- a) Amine b) Both c and dc) Acetaldehyded) Acetone
- 1.10Benzoin condensation is shown by-
- a) Acetaldehyde b) Benzaldehyde c) Cholral d) Formaldehyde

- 1.11Ninhydrineforms stable geminal-di-ol, due to-
- a) Intra molecular H-bond formation b) Due to release in angle strainc) Inductive effect d) Hyperconjugation
- $1.12A\ C_5H_{12}O$  compound is optically active, and is oxidized by PCC in  $CH_2CI_2$  to an optically active  $C_5H_{10}O$  product, which is racemised in acid or base. Which of the following best fits these facts-
- a) 2-pentanol b) 2-methoxy butane c) 2-methyl-1-butanol d) 3-methyl-1-butanol
- 1.132,4-dinitrophenyl hydrazineon treatment with Aldehyde forms-
- a) 2.4-DNPHb) Oximec) Semicarbazone d) Phenyl hydrazone
- 1.14Aldehyde and ketone both undergo the type of chemical reaction/reactions-
- a) Condensation b) rearrangementc) additiond) all of these
- 1.15 Which of the following compounds would not be a possible product form the mixed aldol reaction of chloral andformaldehyde-
- a) 3-hydroxybutanalb) 2-ethyl-3-hydroxybtanal c) No reaction takes place d) 3-hydroxyhexanal

PREPARED BY: MR. ARNAB PAUL CHOWDHURY