



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution



WORKSHEET - 5(Answer Key)

Topic – Introduction to Computer Networking

Subject: COMPUTER SCIENCE

Class - 12

F.M:15

Chapter: Computer Networking

Date: 07/05/2020

Choose the correct answer for each question:

15x1=15

1. _____ are the set of rules that govern data communication.
 - a) **Protocols**
 - b) Standards
 - c) RFCs
 - d) Servers
2. Baud rate is :
 - a. **Number of signal changes per second**
 - b. Number of bits per second
 - c. Number of bytes per second
 - d. Number of ASCII characters per second
3. On which factor/s do/does the channel capacity depend/s in the communication system?
 - a. Bandwidth
 - b. Signal to Noise Ratio
 - c. **Both a and b**
 - d. None of the above
4. The protocol that handles file transfer :
 - a. TCP
 - b. SMTP
 - c. **FTP**
 - d. All of these
5. Full form of SNR:
 - a. Signal Noise Radar
 - b. **Signal to Noise Ratio**
 - c. Signal Noise Raised
 - d. None of these
6. In cyclic redundancy checking, what is the CRC?
 - a. The divisor
 - b. The dividend
 - c. The quotient
 - d. **The remainder**

7. The SNR(signal to noise ratio) is expressed in:
- Decibels**
 - Hertz
 - Bps
 - None of these
8. In Shannon's Equation : $C = W \log_2 (1+S/N)$, C refers to
- Channel Capacity**
 - Channel bandwidth
 - Channel noise
 - None of these
9. In reality, the channel is:
- Noiseless
 - Noisy**
 - Both (a) and (b)
 - None of these
10. Which one of the following is not an error handling method?
- CRC
 - Checksum
 - Parity check
 - None of these**
11. The capacity relationship is given by
- $C = W \log_2 (1+S/N)$**
 - $C = 2W \log_2 (1+S/N)$
 - $C = W \log_2 (1-S/N)$
 - $C = W \log_{10} (1+S/N)$
12. In Shannon's Equation : $C = W \log_2 (1+S/N)$, S/N refers to
- Power of noise/ power of signal
 - Power of signal / power of noise**
 - Noise in Signal
 - None of these
13. _____ is designed to send and distribute outgoing E-Mail.
- TCP
 - HTTP
 - SMTP**
 - All of these
14. _____ is added to the block if it contains odd number of 1's in parity check.
- One**
 - Zero
 - Two
 - Three

15. CRC is based on :

- a. Binary addition
- b. Binary subtraction
- c. **Binary division**
- d. Binary multiplication

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