

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

FIRST TERM WORKSHEET NO. - 8

Class: 9 A, B, C, D

Sub: GEOGRAPHY Date-08/02/2021 **TOPIC: WEATHERING** CHAPTER: 5 I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION (1x15=15)1. When landforms of lower elevation are increased in height, the process is known as b. Degradation c. Gradation a. Aggradation d. Denudation 2. When disintegration of rocks takes place without any change in chemical composition of minerals, it is called a. Physical weathering b. Chemical weathering c. Mechanical weathering d. Both a&c 3. The breaking up of rocks into smaller blocks through successive processes of expansion and contraction is called a. Exfoliation b. Granular disintegration c. Frost action d. Block disintegration 4. The block disintegration process mainly act on type of rocks. d. Metamorphic a. Sedimentary b. Basalt c. Igneous 5. _____ is the further disintegration of the products of block disintegration. a. Exfoliation b. Granular disintegration c. Frost action d. Shattering 6. ____ near Ranchi city exhibits a fine example of exfoliation weathering. c. Tehri dam b. Kanke dam a. Hirakud dam d. Nagarjuna Sagar dam 7. The alteration and solution of rock material by chemical processes is referred as a. Physical weathering b. Chemical weathering c. Mechanical weathering d. Biological weathering 8. The important processes of chemical weathering are b. Carbonation c. Hydration a. Oxidation d. All 9. When atmospheric carbon dioxide combines with rain, it turns into weak acid called a. Hydrous oxide b. Carbonic acid c. Ferrous oxide d. None **10.** Deep narrow grooves between Clint are called a. Karren b. Lapies c. Clint d. Grikes 11. Underground caves formed in a limestone area is called as a. Karren b. Lapies c. Caverns d. Grikes _ are small holes in limestone areas through which water percolates down. 12. a. Sink holes b. Stalagmite c. Stalactite d. Caverns 13. Feldspar mineral through hydration is converted into a. Calcium bi-carbonate b. Keolinite c. Carbonic acid d. Limestone 14. is a chemical reaction between mineral and water. a. Hydration b. Hydrolysis c. Carbonation d. Oxidation 15. Stalactites and stalagmites may join together to form a. Column b. Pillar c. Wall d. Both a & b