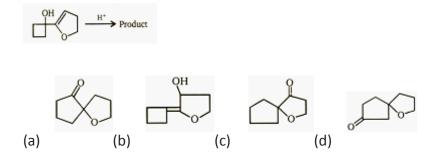


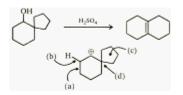


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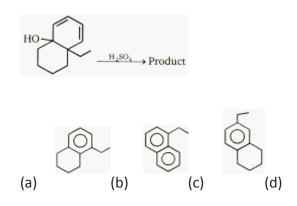
1.1 Identify the major product,



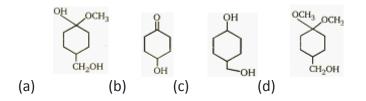
1.2 The following transformation involves a carbocation rearrangement. The carbocation is generated by the protonation of the hydroxyl group, followed by the loss of water. Which bond has to migrate in the carbocation to yield the product in the product indicated (after the deprotonation)?



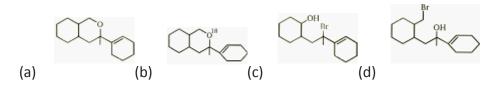
1.3 Identify the major product.



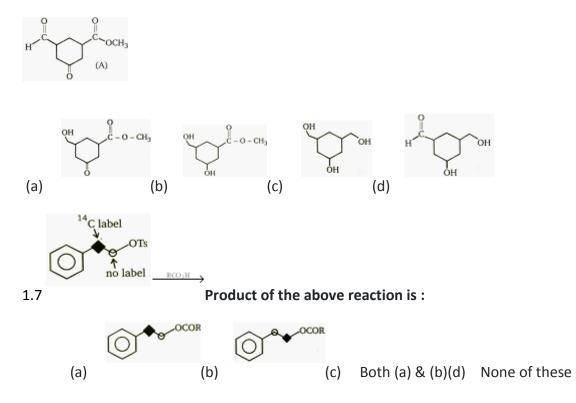


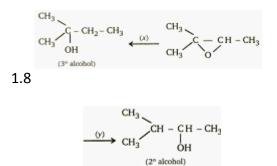


### 1.5 Major product obtained in the reaction is



## 1.6 Predict the product when given compound reacts with LiAlH<sub>4</sub>.

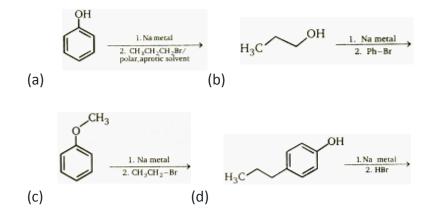




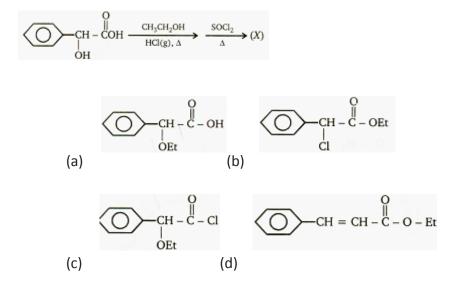
#### Find missing reagents.

- (a)  $x = LiAIH_4$ ,  $y = NaBH_4(b) x = LiAIH_4/AICI_3$ ,  $y = LiIAIH_4$
- (c)  $x = LiAIH_4$ ,  $y = LiAIH_4/AICI_3(d)$   $x = H_2/Ni$ ,  $y = H_2/Pt$

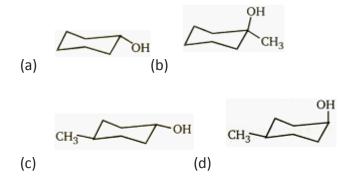
### 1.9 Choose the best synthesis of phenyl n-propyl ether.



#### 1.10Assign the structure of major product (X) of the reaction given below.



#### 1.11Which of the following react with HBr at faster rate?



#### 1.12Phenol can be distinguished from ethanol by the reactions with-

a) Br<sub>2</sub>/water b) Nac) Neutral FeCl<sub>3</sub> d) All the above

1.13 Which of the following reagents can be used to oxidise primary alcohols to aldehydes?

a) CrO<sub>3</sub> in anhydrous medium b) KMnO<sub>4</sub> in acidic medium

c) Pyridinium chlorochromate d) Heat in the presence of Cu at 573K

1.14 Which of the following is most acidic?

a) Benzyl alcohol b) Cyclohexanol c) Phenold) m-Chlorophenol

1.15Ethyl chloride can be converted into ethanol acid by-

a) Hydrogenationb) Hydration c) Substitutiond) Fermentation

# PREPARED BY: MR. ARNAB PAUL CHOWDHURY