ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

PRE TEST WORKSHEET NO. - 24



Class: 12

Sub: SOCIOLOGY

Suł	SOCIOLOGY Date- 18/06/2020
TO	IC: CHANGES IN ECONOMY DURING COLONIAL PERIOD CHAPTER: 3
I.	<u>CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION</u> (1x15=15)
1.	During British period, Indian economy was
•	a. Semi feudal economy b. Disintegrated economy c. Colonial economy d. All the above
2.	What was/were the main causes of India's agricultural stagnation during the Colonial period?
2	a. Land revenue system b. Lack of resources c. Commercialization of agriculture d. All
3.	Commercialization of agriculture means
	a. Production of crops for self consumption
	b. Substitution of commercial non-food grains in place of food grains
	 c. Change from cultivation for home consumption to cultivation for market d. Both b& c
4	Where the Permanent Settlement was first introduced?
4.	
	a.Orissa (Odisha) and Bengalc. Orissa (Odisha) and Andhra Pradeshb.Bengal and Bihard. Orissa (Odisha) and Bihar
5.	Who among the following introduced Zamindari System in India through Permanent Settlement Act in 1793 A.D
5.	a. Lord Cornwallis b. Thomas Munro c. Warren Hasting d. Lord Macaulay
6	Who among the following introduced Ryotwari System in India?
6.	a. Lord Cornwallis b. Thomas Munro c. Warren Hasting d. Lord Macaulay
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7.	Mahalwari system was introduced in 1833 during the period of a. William Bentick b. Thomas Munro c. Warren Hasting d. Lord Wellesley
8.	The cause of decline of textile industries in 18 th century in Bengal was
0.	a. Introduction of British land revenue system c. Commercialization of agriculture
	b. High tariff rates on exports to Britain d. All of them
9.	Who is the exponent of the theory of economic drain of India during the British rule?
9.	a. Sarat Chandra Bose b. APJ Abdul Kalam c. Dadabhai Naoroji d. None
10	The English introduced Ryotwari System in
10.	a. Madras and Bombay Presidency c. Orissa (Odisha) and Andhra Pradesh
	b. Bengal and Bihar d. Orissa (Odisha) and Bihar
11	In the Bengal government during British period reduced import duty on British goods by 2½ %
	a. 1793 b. 1814 c. 1815 d. None
12.	Why was 'Economic Drain' peculiar to British rule?
	a. Britain had the maximum number of colonies in the world
	b. India got no adequate economic return for the wealth and resources it exported to Britain.
	c. Most Indian governments spent revenue extracted from the people inside the country.
	d. Both b & c
13.	During Colonial period land ownership was changed from common ownership to
	a. Public ownership b. Private ownership c. Community ownership d. None
14	Economy in Pre-British India is characterized by
	a. Barter system b. Jajmani system c. Self sufficient villages d. All
15.	Under Zamindari system, the total revenue collected would be divided into parts
	a. 12 b. 11 c. 22 d. 10