



# ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



## TOPIC- CONTINENTS AND OCEANS

**Sub: Geography**

**Class: 5**

**F. M. 15**

**WORKSHEET NO: 05**

**Date: 27.02.2021**

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### OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

Choose the correct option: 1x15=15

- 1) The deepest point of the Indian Ocean is the  
a) Java Trench    b) Mariana Trench    c) Puerto Rico Trench    d) Tonga Trench
  
- 2) The amount of fresh water stored as ice caps and glaciers is  
a) 0%    b) 1%    c) 2%    d) 3%
  
- 3) The volcanoes encircling the Pacific Ocean are known as the  
a) Ring of Light    b) Ring of Fire    c) Ring of Water    d) Ring of Air
  
- 4) The Mid-Atlantic Ridge is a submerged  
a) plateau region    b) desert area    c) plain land    d) mountain range
  
- 5) The Pacific Ocean fills the gap between Asia and  
a) Australia    b) Europe    c) Africa    d) Antarctica
  
- 6) Through the Gibraltar Strait the Atlantic Ocean is connected to the  
a) Caribbean Sea    b) Ionian Sea    c) Caspian Sea    d) Mediterranean Sea
  
- 7) The shape of the Indian Ocean is  
a) rectangular    b) elliptical    c) triangular    d) circular

- 8) The Mid-Atlantic Ridge stretches from Antarctica in the south to the north beyond  
a) Finland      b) Ireland      c) Greenland      d) Iceland
- 9) The shallowest of all the oceans is the  
a) Atlantic Ocean      b) Arctic Ocean      c) Indian Ocean      d) Antarctic Ocean
- 10) The Arctic Ocean is bordered by Eurasia and  
a) Thailand      b) Somaliland      c) Greenland      d) New Zealand
- 11) Antarctic Ocean is also marked as the  
a) Southern Ocean      b) Eastern Ocean      c) Northern Ocean      d) Western Ocean
- 12) In the north the Indian Ocean stretches from  
a) Kozhikode      b) Kanyakumari      c) Kodaikanal      d) Kanchipuram
- 13) The Atlantic Ocean lies to the east of  
a) Europe & Australia      b) Asia & Africa      c) Asia & Australia      d) Europe & Africa
- 14) The surface of the planet covered by the Pacific Ocean is  
a)  $\frac{1}{4}$       b)  $\frac{1}{3}$       c)  $\frac{2}{3}$       d)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- 15) Antarctica is formed by the merging of  
a) Atlantic, Arctic and Indian Oceans  
b) Pacific and Indian Oceans  
c) Atlantic, Pacific and Indian Oceans  
d) Pacific and Arctic Oceans

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