

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION WORK SHEET - 4

Sub: LIFE SCIENCES Class: IX Date: 10.04.2020 Topic: CELL: Nucleus, Mitochondria and plastids F. M.: 1X15

Choose the correct option:

(1x15=15)

- 1. Largest cell organelle is:
 - a) nucleus b) ribosome c) plastids d) mitochondria
- 2. Instead of nucleus in prokaryotes DNA is found in which region:
 - a) Nucleosome b) Nucleic c) Nucleoid d) Nucellus
- 3. Condensed structures of chromatin before cell division are called:
 - a) centromere b) chromonemata c) chromosome d) none of these
- 4. A nucleolus is structurally made up of:
 - a) Proteins and DNA b) RNA only c) rRNA and proteins d) RNA and proteins
- 5. Organelle known as the power house of cells:
 - a) Mitochondria b) Endoplasmic reticulum c) Golgi Bodies d) Nucleus
- 6. The outer covering of the nuclear envelope is in continuation with which organelle:
 - a) Golgi Bodies b) Endoplasmic reticulum c) lysosomes d) mitochondria
- 7. Cellular respiration includes:
 - a) uptake of nutrients b) Breaking of nutrients c) Release of energy d) All of these
- 8. Which of the following is a double membrane structure?
 - a) Nucleus b) Mitochondria c) chloroplast d) all of these
- 9. The function of cristae is:
 - a) Structural support b)transport c) increase of surface area d) Defense
- 10. The fluid present inside the mitochondria is called:
 - a) cristae b) ATPase c) matrix d) stroma
- 11. Which of the following is a plastid:
 - a) chromoplast b) leucoplast c) chloroplast d) all of these
- 12. Plastid responsible for the colour of the petals:
 - a) Leucoplast b) rhodoplast c) chloroplast d) alueronplasts
- 13. The brown colour plastids are called:
 - a) Leucoplasts b) Phaeoplasts c) Rhodoplasts d) chloroplast
- 14. The stacked thylakoids are called:
 - a)frets b) stroma c) grana d) lamallae
- 15. The clusters of chlorophyll molecules are present on:
 - a) Stroma b) outer surface of chloroplast c) membrane of thylakoid d) frets

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