Class - X
Topic - Thermal Phenomena

1. MCQ .
i) The increase in length in case of thermal expansion does not depend on
a) Initial length
b) increase in temperature
c) nature of material
d) measuring unit of temperature
ii) The value of $\alpha$ of a metal is given as $1.6 \times 10^{-6} K^{-1}$ in SI unit. In C.G.S system, $\alpha$ will be -
a) More
b) less
c) equal
d) $\frac{1}{273}$ times
iii) The C.G.S unit of $\beta$ is -
a) $/ K$
b) $K^{-1}$
c) ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
d) ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{-1}$
iv) Value of coefficient of volume expansion i.e. $\gamma$, depends on -
a)The initial volume
b) change in temperature
c) nature of the material
d) all of these
v) If $\alpha: \beta: \gamma=1: 2: 3$ then which relation is correct?
a) $\frac{\alpha}{3}=\frac{\beta}{2}=\gamma$
b) $\alpha: \beta: \gamma=1: \frac{1}{2}: \frac{1}{3}$
c) $3 \alpha=2 \beta$
d) $3 \beta=2 \gamma$
2. Answer the following questions in short.
i) In the equation $\left(l_{2}-l_{1}\right)=\alpha l_{1}\left(t_{2}-t_{1}\right)$, which parameter depends only on the nature of the material?
ii) The C.G.S units of all three expansion coefficients are same and that is $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{-1}$ - write true or false.
iii) The coefficient of superficial expansion of a metal is $10^{-6} / K$. Its $\alpha$ will be $\qquad$ $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
iv) $\quad \beta$ of iron is $24 \times 10^{-6} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The coefficient of volume expansion of iron will be $\qquad$ .
v) Define "coefficient of superficial expansion".
3. Answer the following questions.
i) If the temperature of two iron rods of length 1 cm and 1 m respectively, changed by same amount, then which one will increase more and why?
ii) $\quad \gamma$ of a material is $36 \times 10^{-6} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What do you mean by this?
iii) $\quad \alpha$ of iron is $12 \times 10^{-6} / K$ and $\alpha$ of silver is $18 \times 10^{-6} / K$. If two identical rods of iron and silver are heated through same temperature difference, then in which case the increase in length will be more? And why?
iv) Why do the numerical values of coefficient of linear expansions remain same in both the systems (i.e. in SI and C.G.S)?
vi) For which condition, the increase in length of two strings (one made up of iron and another made up of silver) be always same when heated through same temperature difference? Given $\alpha$ of iron is $12 \times$ $10^{-6} / \mathrm{K}$ and $\alpha$ of silver is $18 \times 10^{-6} / \mathrm{K}$.
